The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,601 New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1886.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1886
M VERONA	3116	600	M. de Horne	5th Feb
L CATHAY	2983	500	J. P. Hassall	12th „
— GWALIOR	2733	500	P. Harris	19th „
L GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	26th „
M SIAM	3041	500	R. F. Briscoe	5th Mar.
L NEPAUL	3535	600	T. J. Alderton	12th „
— NIZAM	2726	500	W. J. Webber	19th „
L THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	26th „
M AUSTRALIA	3664	600	E. Asndown	2nd April.
L PESHAWUR	3900	600	L. H. Moule	9th „
— ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Nantes	16th „
L CLYDE	4121	800	E. M. Edmond	23rd „
M MALWA	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	30th „
L HYDASPES	2984	500	G. Scrivener	7th May.
— GWALIOR	2733	500	P. Harris	14th „
L SURAT	3142	550	C. R. Edwards	21st „
				TUESDAY
M CATHAY	2983	500	J. P. Hassall	25th „

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta ; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others, passengers for London and Marseilles change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels	Tons	H.P.	Captains	1886
CLYDE	4121	800	E. M. Edmond	5th Feb.
HYDASPES	2981	500	G. Scrivener	19th „
SURAT	3142	550	C. R. Edwards	5th March.
ANCONA	3128	600	R. G. Murray	19th „

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, January 25, 1886.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.
FORTNIGHTLY DEPARTURES.

PASSENGERS can now be BOOKED to MARSEILLES by any of the following steamers:—

	Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.
• 5th Feb.	"VERONA"	3116	600
19th „	"GWALIOR"	2733	500
• 5th Mar.	"SIAM"	3041	500
19th „	"NIZAM"	2726	500
• 2nd April	"AUSTRALIA"	3664	600
16th „	"ASSAM"	3038	500
• 30th „	"MALWA"	2959	500
14th May	"GWALIOR"	2733	500
• 25th „	"CATHAY"	2983	500

The steamers marked * proceed direct to Marseilles; passengers by the others change vessels at Suez.

Through tickets from Bombay to London via Marseilles, including the railway fare from Marseilles to London, are issued :—

First Class	Rs. 680.
Second Class	„ 370.

For further particulars apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent.
Bombay, 25th January, 1886.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 550, Rs. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount. To Marseilles Rs. 20, 15, and 5 extra, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months, respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons.	H.P.	
DOMENICO BALDUINO (late China)	5,000	850	1st Mar. 1886
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	850	1st April 1886
MANILLA	5,000	850	1st May 1886

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London via Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 1, 1886.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

s. s. VICTORIA	3242	480	W. Russel	13th Feb.
s. s. ASIA	3550	480	J. Craig	20th „
s. s. ARABIA	3501	480	J. Laird	20th Mar.
s. s. BRITANNIA	3069	480	F. Blight	1st April.
s. s. CALIFORNIA	3116	480	W. S. Young	10th „
s. s. NUBIA	3553	480	T. G. Kuex	24th „
s. s. VICTORIA	3242	480	Wm. Russel	15th May.
s. s. BELGRAVIA	5000	500	J. C. Boothby	29th „

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, January 4, 1886.

CHEAP PASSAGES.

WE BOOK PASSAGES by well-appointed 1st Class Steamers, all the year round, to and from different Home and Continental Ports, at from Rs. 250 to Rs. 400, 1st Class. We also secure passages by the P. & O. Co. and all the other regular Lines of Steamers at the lowest possible fares. We also supply Continental Railway tickets and secure places in sleeping car to enable passengers to go through with the mails. A liberal reduction made for families and parties, and no commission charged.

Full particulars on application, personally, or by letter, or telegram to WILLIAM WATSON & Co., Travellers' Agents and Bankers, Bombay, 28, Apollo-street ; London, 27, Leadenhall-street, E. C.

THE S. S. SAINT ASAPH has arrived from CARDIFF and LONDON and is discharging in the Prince's Dock.

Consignees are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their Goods without delay.

Consignees are hereby informed that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the steamers' surveyor before the Goods are removed from the Landing shed, and no claim will be admitted after the steamer leaves without bearing the Captain's countersignature.

Matches, Oils, Naphtha and other inflammable articles must be removed as they are landed, failing which they will be exposed at the consignees risk and subject to removal to the combustible shed at their expense.

OWEN & OKELL,
Agents.

HAVE A LOOK

AT OUR SILVER LEVER WATCH at Rs. 35 before buying, and you will give it the preference before any other.

The Watch as it is now, is the result of 20 years experience in the Indian watch trade, and we guarantee it to be the most perfect watch ever offered to the public for such a small outlay.

Being the manufacturers ourselves, the buyer obtains the watch from first hand. This explains its cheapness.

The Watches are of medium size in heavy engine turned silver cases, either hunting or half hunting. Guarantee 3 years.

To be obtained only direct from our firms at Bombay, Calcutta, and Secunderabad.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.

A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "BURMAH," 1,081 tons, on FRIDAY, 5th February, 1886, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangarole, Pore Bunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on MONDAY, 8th February, at 11 a.m. (unless detained by non-arrival of outward English Mail), calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MALDA," 1,945 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 10th February, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 4th February, 1886.

INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1886.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON, as the SOLELY APPOINTED PASSENGER AGENTS to the ROYAL BRITISH COMMISSION for the INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION, are prepared to give quotations at THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES BY ALL LINES OF STEAMERS, and by all routes from all chief stations in India, either to London direct, or by any route through the European Continent.

Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son are prepared to arrange for any number or class of Native Indians, both for the journey and accommodation in Europe, in accordance with the special requirements of caste.

THOS. COOK & SON } BOMBAY, RAMPART ROW. Calcutta, 10½ Old Court House Street.

N. B.—Thos. Cook and Son make no charge in any way to their patrons, and every traveller with T. C. and Son's tickets is entitled to the *free* use of their Offices and Assistants in all parts of the Globe. During the Exhibition an Exchange, Reading, and Waiting Room will be opened in Old London Street, at which travellers can make appointments, find the Indian and Colonial papers, write letters, receive telegrams, &c. Telegraphic Registered Address, "TOURIST, London."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SILK LONG CLOTH.

A NEW FABRIC adapted for Ladies' and Children's Dresses and Underclothing.
Plain Ecru-tinted in piece of 50 to 54 yards, 34 inches wide, Rs. 2 per yard.
in cut Rs. 2-4, per yard.

TWILLED SILK LONG CLOTH.

The same colour and material but slightly thicker, very suitable for Gentleman's Coats, Shirts and Undervests or sleeping suits.
Price per piece of 50 to 54 yards, 30 inches wide Rs. 2-4 per yard.
In cut Rs. 2-8 per yard.
SAMPLES ON APPLICATION.
Agents to the sole Proprietors :

TREACHER AND Co, Limited,
HEAD OFFICES—BY[illegible]

TREACHER [illegible]
Entirely new stock Travell[illegible]
imported di[illegible]

REAL SCOTCH MAU[illegible]
Warranted all pure Wool in the most popular and fashionable Clan favours.
Rs. 28-8 each, cash.

ALL WOOL MAUDS.
In a variety of Scotch mixtures.
From Rs. 12-8 to Rs. 28-8 each, cash.

ALL WOOL RUGS.
A Choice Assortment of Fancy Patterns, very suitable for Railway Travelling, Shikarry, District use, &c., &c.
From Rs. 8 to Rs. 30 each, cash.

THE NEW HIGHLAND WRAPS.
Pure Scotch Wool, in Fancy Checks,
Rs. 20 each nett.

THE "SANDRINGHAM" CARRIAGE WRAPS.
Beautifully Soft and Warm ; all Wool, Fancy Tartan patterns.
Rs. 28-8 each, cash.

WASHING COTTON DUST WRAPS.
In neat and pretty fancy stripes.
From Rs. 2-4 to Rs. 3-8 each, cash.

TURKISH TOWELS AND BLANKETS.

White Turkish Toilet	Towels	23 by 44 in.	Rs. 11 doz.
Superior do.	do.	23 by 44 in.	„ 14 „
Extra Quality	do.	23 by 44 in.	„ 20 „
Plain Brown Linen	do.	23 by 48 in.	„ 16 „
Brown Linen Striped	do.	20 by 48 in.	„ 18 „
White Turkish Bath	do.	41 by 57 in.	„ 27 „
Brown Linen	do.	26 by 51 in.	„ 33 „

ROYAL BATH BLANKETS.
Size 48 by 80 inches.

"These Blankets afford a great luxury after the Bath ; by means of their absorbent qualities and ample size, the person is dried without a chance of feeling chilled."

Price per pair Rs. 8, cash.

RAIN UMBRELLAS. SUN UMBRELLAS.
HOSIERY.
HATS AND HELMETS. PUGGAREES.
GENT'S UNDERCLOTHING.
GLOVES. HANDKERCHIEFS.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA & POONA.

NOTICE.

A BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT for first-class people only will be OPENED from the 1st of February, 1886, at Fernwood, Coonoor, Neilgherries, where visitors will find all the comforts of an English home, as far as the country permits. For terms, &c., &c., address

THE PROPRIETRESS,
Fernwood, Coonoor, Neilgherries.

TO CAPITALISTS.

FOR SALE, a lucrative business in the N.-W. P. It has recently been thoroughly stocked with a Splendid Assortment of Fancy and Miscellaneous Goods, Stores, Provisions, Wines, Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, and other Requisites for a large General mixed Trade, and there is every facility for increasing what has been for many years a well paying concern. The Shop is handsome, spacious and well-fitted, and will be let at a low rental, either on lease or as may be agreed upon. The New Stock which has only arrived since December last is offered at Cost Price with the usual commission added, and must be taken over intact. Other, at valuation or as may be mutually arranged. For further particulars apply to W. SHEPPERSON, Great Western Hotel, Bombay.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily,
„ „ Overland Summary,
„ „ Weekly Budget,
„ „ Bi-weekly,
The Indian Travellers' Guide,
Maclean's Guide to Bombay,
and for all other publications issuing from this Office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co., Branch Establishment, East-street, Poona.

TREACHER'S "GLENLIVET" WHISKY

IS a blend of the finest HIGHLAND WHISKIES of a particularly delicate aroma and flavour.

Rs. 22-8 per dozen.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED.

TRAVELLERS' REQUISITES.

		Rs.	as.		Rs.	as.
AIR BEDS, CUSHINS and PILLOWS	...from	4	0	to	50	8
BATHS, best London tin, with or without cover, lock and strap	...from	6	0	to	45	8
BINOCULAR GLASSES	...from	20	0	to	50	8
CAMP CHAIRS of wood or iron to fold up	...from	3	8	to	22	0
CARPET, CLOTHES and COURIER BAGS	...from	4	0	to	13	4
COCOA, COFFEE and TEA	...per packet from	0	12	to	8	6
CORK BEDS and MATTRESSES	...from	15	0	to	22	0
CORK SCREWS and LEVER KNIVES	...from	0	10	to	1	0
DRESSING BAGS, and DRESSING CASES	...from	8	0	to	300	0
HAHMOCKS	...from	11	0	to	16	0
MEDICINE CHESTS in mahogany, oak, solid leather or japanned tin	...from	6	0	to	100	0
MILK, CONDENSED SWISS	...per tin, each 7 as., per doz.				5	0
OVERLAND TRUNKS	...from	22	8	to	50	8
PRESERVED PROVISIONS, Fish, Meats, Pates, Sausages, &c., &c.	from	0	5	to	3	0
PIPES, CIGARS, and TOBACCOS of every description.						
POCKET CANTEENS, completely fitted						
POCKET FILTERS, complete in case	...from	3	8	to	5	0
POCKET DRAM FLASKS	...from	2	0	to	100	0
PORTMANTEAUX, basil, Black, or Solid Leather	...from	20	0	to	100	0
RAILWAY KEYS	...from	12	0	to	1	4
RAILWAY RUGS	...from	10	0	to	30	0
SOVEREIGN CASES	...from	2	8	to	9	0
STATIONERY of every description by the best makers.						
SWIMMING BELTS	...each	5	0			
SYPHON TAPS, German-silver or electro-plated	...from	4	0	to	6	0
TEA and COFFEE POTS	...from	1	12	to	8	0
TIFFIN BASKETS, completely fitted	...from	22	0	to	50	0
UMBRELLAS and Waterproof Clothing of superior manufacture.						

WINES, SPIRITS AND LIQUORS OF THE BEST BRANDS AND OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WRITING CASES AND DESKS,
Specially fitted for the use of
TOURISTS AND TRAVELLERS.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

COGNACS & WHISKIES.

WHY PAY FOR BRANDS?

WE offer our own selected Spirits at the following rates, and invite comparison in qualities and prices with other well-known Shippers :—

COGNACS.

Cash. Rs.	as.			Credit. Rs.	as.
21	0	Alexandre & Co., "A GOOD PEG BRANDY"		22	0
20	0	Jules Lennox do.		21	0
16	0	Lagrange & Co. "TROIS COQS"		17	0
		(Our own selection.)			
26	10	Yellow Capsule "A SUPERIOR PEG BRANDY"	*	28	0
29	8	Blue Capsule "SOFT OLD PALE"	**	31	0
33	5	Green Capsule "VERY SOFT OLD PALE"	***	35	0
37	0	White Capsule "VERY CHOICE"	****	39	0
46	8	Black Capsule "RARE OLD CLUB," 20 years old		49	0
		SCOTCH WHISKY.			
20	0	Caledonia Blend		21	0
21	0	Breadalbane Highland Whisky		22	0
23	12	Fine Highland Malt "OUR OWN"		25	0
25	12	Superior old Blend „		27	0

BODGER, WARBURTON & CO.,

WINE AND SPIRIT IMPORTERS.
PROFESSIONAL TASTERS AND EXPERTS.
MILITARY SQUARE, BOMBAY.
N.B.—SPECIAL TERMS TO MESSES AND TRADERS.

CASH *v.* CREDIT.

S. ROSE and Co. beg to call attention to the following serviceable second-hand Pianofortes which they are selling at greatly reduced prices to make room for new instruments :—

"BIJOU" COTTAGE, solid mahogany, compass, 5 octaves, entire iron frame	Rs.	280
WALNUT COTTAGE, entire iron frame, full compass, 7 octaves	„	350
BROADWOOD and SON'S SQUARE, mahogany, compass, 6½ octaves	„	350
BROADWOOD and SON'S SQUARE, mahogany, compass, 6½ octaves	„	400
WALNUT SQUARE, full compass, 7 octaves	„	450
EBONIZED SQUARE, full compass, 7 octaves	„	500
EBONIZED SQUARE, by LIPP of STUTTGART, metal frame and brass corners, full compass, 7 octaves	„	550
SCHIEDMAYER Ebonized Square, overstrung bass, full compass, 7 octaves, all metal work, electro-plated	„	00
"SYMPATHETIC" by S. Rose and Co., of solid mahogany, full compass, 7 octaves, overstrung bass, almost equal to new	„	750
COLLARD and COLLARD GRAND, mahogany, compass, 6¾ octaves, metal bars, etc.	„	300
COLLARD and COLLARD GRAND, mahogany, full compass, 7 octaves, brass bound corners, metal bars, etc.	„	600
BROADWOOD and SON'S GRAND, mahogany, compass, 6¾ octaves, metal bars and wrest plank	„	600

Catalogues of Pianos and Harmoniums, American Organs, Music and Sundries free by post.

New Pianofortes by all the best makers, from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,750.

S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY

MRS. LAKE

HAS the pleasure to announce that she has just received a large and choice selection of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,
THE FINEST CREAM AND IVORY SPRIGGED MUSLINS.

The new Tulle Ball Dresses, in the most becoming gaslight colours.
Pearl embroidered piece net for Ball Dresses, with Laces to match.
Jet embroidered piece net for Evening Dresses, with Laces to match.
The most elegant assortment of
LACES.
Lace Flouncings and Piece Laces in a variety of patterns and shades.

Fichus.
Collars and Cuffs.
Fans, Handkerchiefs.
Corsets, Crinolettes.
Infants' Dresses.
Frillings, &c., &c.
Flowers, Feathers.
Parasols, Gloves, &c.
Baby's Hoods and Cloaks.
Ribbons, Gloves.

Rich Visiting, Dinner, and Evening Dresses, elegantly made under a
FIRST CLASS AND EXPERIENCED DRESS-MAKER.

When Mofussil Orders are unaccompanied by a Remittance, Parcels are sent by Value-Payable Post, or, when practicable, by Rail and Railway Receipts as a V. P. registered letter.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER AND DRESS-MAKER,
NO. 7, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A GOOD WATCH is one of the most remarkable productions of human skill and patience.

WATCH MANUFACTURING being the original branch of our business, in which we have had considerable experience, enables us to render our assistance in aiding our constituents, skilfully to select the description of a Time-keeper, best adapted to their respective requirements.

Watches are manufactured, and we could sell them in Bombay for 7 or 8 Rupees each, but we prefer to confine ourselves to a thoroughly reliable and honest article, worth the money one spends.

It is always our rule to recommend a purchaser to give the best price he can afford for a watch, if he needs a durable and reliable time-keeper. Mofussil purchasers, on informing us the amount they desire to invest, may rest assured that their orders wil receive the same care and attention as if they were themselves present.

From the immense variety of our Watches always kept in stock, we particularly recommend the following :—

MARCKS & CO.'S Silver hunting ¾ plate lever Watch, with compensation balance wheel.	Rs.	56
The same Watch in Crystal faced case	„	50
MARCKS & CO.'S Celebrated Campaign Watch of the highest Class	„	35
Do. do. do. Second quality	„	25
Gentlemen's Gold hunting Keyless Watch with Compensation balance wheel.	„	250
Do. do. do. Second quality	„	150
Ladies' Gold hunting Watch of high finish	„	120
Do. do. in Crystal faced Case	„	95

Illustrated Catalogue shewing prices of Cheaper Watches free on application.

WATCH REPAIR DEPARTMENT.—Is under the immediate supervision of our Mr. Marcks and our staff includes several old and experienced workmen, enabling us to guarantee the most careful treatment and skilful repair of Clock Watches, Minute and other Repeaters, Chronographs, Calendar Watches, Bird Boxes etc. etc. Ships' Chronometers, carefully adjusted and repaired.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,

BOMBAY OPPOSITE THE CLOCK TOWER.

PURE

INDIAN (KANGRA VALLEY) TEAS.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,

SUPPLIERS OF HIGH-CLASS TEAS TO MESSES, CLUBS, &c.
SOLE AGENTS FOR COL. HAWES' AND OTHER FIRST CLASS TEAS.

OUR celebrated and unrivalled TEAS of the choicest quality (from Col. HAWES' and other Plantations) cannot be surpassed by any other Teas in India. We offer our unsurpassable selection of the BEST and CHEAPEST Kangra Valley Teas, possessing an exceedingly fine and delicious flavour, a real Luxury to every Tea-Drinker.

Numerous Testimonials from different Connoisseurs prove that our Teas have enjoyed the highest reputation for their purity and delicacy of aroma. A LARGE STOCK of HOLTA TEAS on hand.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION. 22, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,

5, MEADOW-STREET.

I CIGARS AND CHEROOTS—Havannahs, Manillas, Javas, Veveys' Trichinopolys, Pondicherries, Burmahs, Coconadas, and Dindiguls.
II TOBACCOS—Cut and plug, fresh and sweet.
III CIGARETTES—Own manufacture, mild, mellow, and full-flavored.
IV CIGARETTES—Egyptian, by direct importation from Cairo.
V AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD FURNITURE—Eminently adapted for Indian use.
VI GRAND SQUARE SYMPATHETIC PIANOS—By R. Lipp and Son, Stuttgart.
VII TABLE LINEN, &c.—Imported direct from the manufactory in Europe.
VIII COOKING AND WARMING STOVES—Complete with all accessories.

SPECIAL PRICE-LISTS OF ABOVE FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG,

5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

KEMP'S UNRIVALLED
HOUSEHOLD CLARET

HAS maintained its pre-eminence for the last seventeen years as a Sound, Wholesome and Superior Table-Wine. It still challenges competition.

Quarts, Rs. 10. Pints, Rs. 5-8 per dozen.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO.'S
EDINA WHISKY.

A BLEND of the Finest Highland Whiskies, being Mellow, Full-bodied, and containing a fine, rich Aroma and Flavour, combined with a softness acquired only by age. The increasing demand for this Whisky proves beyond dispute its superiority over most brands now in the market.

Per dozen, Rs. 24.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO., Limited.

MICROSCOPES.

THE largest, best, and most varied selection in India, made specially for us, by the following eminent Makers :—"The Maker to the French Ministry of War," "Nachet," "Prazmowsky (successor to Hartnack) and "Lebrun" of Paris.

Profusely illustrated catalogues forwarded by post on application.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO.'S
ESSENCE OF CHIRETTA
OR
LIQUOR CHIRETTINÆ.

A TONIC and FEBRIFUGE of great power, remarkably beneficial in all cases of muscular and nervous debility and of functional derangement whether arising from long residence in a tropical climate or from severe illness.

Per Bottle Re. 1-12 and Rs. 3.

KEMP & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES JUTE MILL COMPANY, Ld.,
CAWNPORE.

TO supply the public with a quality of FLOOR CLOTH of the strength and durability of Durries, and yet at as low a cost as they paid heretofore, for cotton floor cloth (called farash), this Company is now prepared to offer at the low rates varying from As. 4 to As. 6 per yard, heavy jute woven and printed FLOOR CLOTHS, width 2[illegible] and 40 inches, respectively, in a variety of patterns and colours.

Floor Cloths and Durries made up to any required size with neat broad borders to match pattern, much improving the look of the cloth.

Hall Carpets, 7' by 47", of various neat bright patterns, at Re. 1 each.

Door Mats, 4' by 28", of various neat bright coloured patterns, at As. 8 each.

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SORABJEE EDULJEE WARDEN,
Sole liquidator.
33, Meadow-street, Fort, Bombay, 28th January 1886.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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TO-MORROW,
SATURDAY, 6th FEBRUARY.

THE GAIETY COMPANY.

V. R.

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MIKADO;

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III.—English Embassy to the Marathas in 1739.
IV.—War with the Angrias.
V.—English Embassy to the Marathas in 1739.
VI.—English Embassy to the Marathas in 1767.
VII.—Capture of Salsette.
VIII.—The First Maratha War.
IX.—Diary of C W Mallet on a Journey from Bombay to Calcutta, 1785-86.
X.—Maratha Affairs, 1790 to 1796.
XI.—The Second Maratha War.
XII.—Letters from the Earl of Mornington (Marquis Wellesley.)
XIII.—Letters from Col. Arthur Wellesley (Duke of Wellington.)
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Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the toal for the month and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
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32, Meadow-street, Fort, Bombay, 26th January, 1886.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALFRED THEATRE,

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GLORIOUS SUCCESS!!!
TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, 5TH FEB.,
AT 9 P.M. AND
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AT 4-30 P.M.
GRAND PERFORMANCE OF
MR. VOLPI AND HIS WONDERFUL TRAINED ANIMALS.

THE COMMITTEE of the SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE have the pleasure to announce that under the patronage of H. E. LORD REAY a GRAND EVENING CONCERT in aid of the Funds of the Orphanage will be held in the TOWN HALL on TUESDAY, 9th February, at 9 o'clock. The Committee have pleasure in directing attention to the following programme:—

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

1. Organ Solo... The Garb of Old Gaul ...General Reid. MR. JOHNSTON.
2. Song........ My ain Fireside .... MR. WATSON.
3. Violin Solo. (a. Tyrollenne .... Schubert. (b. Chanson Sans Paroles. Wieniawski. HERR SCHMUCK.
4. Song........ O a' the Airts the Win' can Blaw .... Finlay Dun MRS. MACMILLAN.
5. Song........ Robin Adair .... MRS. MORLAND.
6. Song........ The Hundred Pipers ...... Written by Baroness Nairne, MR. WYER.
7. Song........ Within a Mile o' Edinboro' Town .... MRS. HARGRAVE.
8. Song........ Edward Gray........ Sullivan. MR. DIXON.

Interval of Five Minutes.

PART II.

1. Organ Solo.. March in B flat........ E. Silas. MR. MANT.
2. Serenade.... Good Night, Beloved ...... Balfe. MR. WATSON.
3. Song........ Ave Maria .... Hervey. MRS. MORLAND. With Piano and Organ accompaniment. MR. DIXON.
5. Song........ Blow, Bugles, Blow........ Sir H. Oakley. MRS. MACMILLAN.
6. Song........ Duncan Gray........ Burns. MR. WYER.
7. Song........ The Hidden Casket........ Mr. Watson. MRS. HARGRAVE.
8. Auld Lang Syne........ Burns. MRS. MORLAND, MRS. HARGRAVE, MRS. MACMILLAN, MR. WYER, MR. WATSON, MR. DIXON. With Organ and Piano accompaniment.

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THE steam-ship HANKOW, 3,594 tons, (recently employed by Admiralty as a troopship), will sail for Marseilles about 20th February. Has splendid accommodation for First-Class Passengers. Fare exclusive of wines, &c., Rs. 350. Apply to
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The Hankow is lying off Apollo-bunder, and intending Passengers are invited to visit her.

NOTICE.

THE POWER OF ATTORNEY granted to Mr. FRANCIS NEWMAN TO SIGN the name of our Firm here, has this day been CANCELLED.
McCULLOCH & Co.
Bombay, 3rd February, 1886.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—The ADJOURNED MEETING of the Corporation will be held here on FRIDAY, the 5th instant, at 3 p.m.
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation; & Secy., Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, 4th Feb., 1886.

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TO
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THE WESTERN INDIA FLOUR MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Western India Flour Mills, Limited, will be held at the Company's Office, 85, Grant Road, on FRIDAY, the 12th February, 1886, at 4-30 P. M. to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Statement of Profit and Loss Account with Audited Balance-Sheet made up to 31st December, 1885.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To elect an Auditor for the year and to fix his remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors
E. FREEBORN,
General Manager and Secretary.
Bombay, 3rd February 1886.

THE WESTERN INDIA FLOUR MILLS, LIMITED.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Western Indian Flour Mills, Limited, will be held at the office of the Company in Grant Road on FRIDAY, the 12th February, 1886, at 5 P. M. to pass the following Resolution:—

"That for the word 'two' in the 91st Article of Association of the Company the word 'one' be substituted and that for the words 'the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office' in the 92nd Article of Association of the Company the words 'the Director to retire shall be the one who has been longest in office' be substituted, and for the word 'Directors' in the 93rd Article, that the word 'Director' be substituted."

By order of the Board of Directors,
E. FREEBORN,
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SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & COMPANY
41, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., will hold their usual auction sale at their rooms as follows:—

On account and risk of Abdool Kureem Mahomedaly.

8 cases hollow gilt milon beads by order of the executors of the late Mr. Charles Zerrenner.

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SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, 5th February, 1886.

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The valuable plant such as teak scantlings junglewood in planks and logs, 6 Horse Power Horizontal steam-engine by Clayton and Suttleworth, two centrifugal pumps with piping and valves, complete hand pumps, wrought iron plates, 20 tons of pumice, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 5th February, 1886.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF SUPERIOR FANCY WOOLLEN CLOTH.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, 4 cases superior fancy woollen cloth for coats, trousers and suits, just landed ex s.s Loodiana, consisting of drab, olive, brown, overcoating, Scotch milled coating, fancy check and senting, olive cords, Scotch check homespun, black indigo blue nap, west wooded indigo blue serge, indigo, drab, slate mis green melton, twill, overcoating black, olive, fine overcoating brown claret green twill, black claret, overcoating blue mosrow Scotch, stuped, mis stuffed worsted fancy, olive, brown, drab beaver, &c.

The pieces which are from 7 to 10 yards in length will be sold singly (one piece at a time) to suit all buyers, and are on view.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1ST & 2ND CLASS TEAK-SQUARES AND SCANTLINGS.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 4 p. m, at Kasara bunder.
50 tons 1st class teak squares.
75 „ 2nd „ „
50 „ superior scantlings of various sizes.
In lots to suit purchasers.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms.
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 bales grey dhoties.
7 cases prints.
1 cases coloured woollen cloth.
2 case 250 doz. Napoleon Price and Co.'s violet and millefleur nursery and toilet powder.
1 case 40 doz. boxes original and genuine real old brown Windsor soap.
1 case Breidenbach and Co.'s perfumery, consisting of toilet vinegar, eue de Cologne and lavender and florida water.
On account of the concerned.
12 cases white wine.
On account and at the risk of Rustomji Cavasji.
37 cases each one doz. quarts wine.
7 „ „ two doz. pints wine.
AT 2 P.M.
1 strong high wheeled dog cart.
1 strong office shigram.
1 strong buggy.
1 strong light victoria.
1 second hand open carriage.
1 coventry bycicle, 50 inches, good as new.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF COMMISSARIAT STORES.

Under instructions from the Executive Commissariat Officer, Messrs. Crawford and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Town Barracks on TUESDAY, the 9th inst., at 1 p.m. a quantity of Commissariat stores consisting of camel, tools, salitahs, wooden frames, dholes for packhals, cotton rope pieces, churses, leather grain bags, gunny bags, &c., and provisions.

AUCTION SALE OF THE STEAM LAUNCH "IRAN."

Under instructions from the Arabian Steam Launch Company, Limited, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on SATURDAY, the 13th instant at 3 p.m., the steam launch "Iran," of 108 75-100 tons register tonnage and built in the year 1882. She has one deck and 2 masts, is 101 feet long and 19 feet 42-tenths broad, she has 2 engines compound inverted, D. R. Surface condensing, of 26 horse power, by Adam Miller, engine and shipbuilder, London, the diameter of cylinder 9 and 16 and length of stroke 15 inches. She consumes less than 3 tons coal daily. She runs 7 to 8 knots. She is ready for sail. She is now lying at Mazagon Bunder where she can be seen at any time.

For further particulars application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 5th February, 1886.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO-STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Price & Co.'s Celebrated Perfumery,

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms an invoice of 24 cases Price & Co.'s celebrated perfumery consisting of sarsaparilla, hair oil, lavendar water, soap, brilliantine, Persian water, marking ink, lime juice and glycerine, violet powder, cloth, hair and tooth brushes, medicines, essence of verbina, jockey club, frangipanni, rose geranium, white and moss rose, boquet, &c.
1 6 light chandelier by Bash.
1 wall shades, globe lamp &c.
By order of the concerned
[illegible] bottle corks.
[illegible] do.
[illegible] of various sizes.
[illegible] 30 P. M.
[illegible] landau.
[illegible] hand glass fronted miniature,
[illegible] rougham, in good order.
[illegible] strong buggy.
[illegible] some strong grey country bred pony 13-2, 4 years old, goes in harness, good back and plays polo a bit.
1 Handsome strong silver color Australian mare lately purchased in Wilson's Circle.
1 Handsome chesnut C. B. gelding 14¼, 6 years old, goes in harness and saddle.
1 strong bay Arab horse, 14·1 quiet in harness and saddle
1 bay pony with pony cart and harness.
The property of a dealer leaving for his native country.
2 handsome fast-troting ponies.
1 Do. do. galloway.
1 Do. do. bay Arab horse.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 6th inst, at 3 p. m, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on account and risk of Mahomedbhoy Baloobhoy—

A lot of household furniture, consisting of drawing room chairs, sofas, couches, easy chairs, almirah with glass door, washing table, with marble top and other sundry articles,

AT 1-30 P.M.

Also 1 strong-built mail-phaeton, in good order, by C. Stephens and Sons.

On SUNDAY, the 7th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bandora Hill, opposite H. H. Aga Khan's bungalow, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished plain and carved household furniture, best platedware by "Mappin," rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, very rich table ornaments, handsome Hink's patent duplex hanging and table kerosine lamps, a handsome mahogany sympathetic grand square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne, a first rate Wheeler and Wilson sewing machine, a handsome strong English-built light victoria, a handsome fast-trotting grey Arab horse, a set of brass mounted English single harness, gentlemen and ladies' saddles, &c., the property of EDMUND EYRES, Esq. The same comprises rich glassware, very handsome superior porcelain, transparent, dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best platedware, and such as hotwater currydishes, by "Mappin" cruet, pickle stands breakfast companion, biscuit-box, round salver ice-pitcher, a set of best plated spoons and forks for 10 persons in mahogany case, piano candlesticks, cutlery by Mappin, &c., handsome blackwood and teakwood French polished plain and carved household furniture, such as a set of dining table in 3 pieces sideboard dumbwaiter, whatnot, small cupboard, Madras pattern arm chairs, handsome circular, pier, side, oblong tables, easy-folding, reclining, long and folding arm, low rocking and drawing room chairs, conversation and half-backed sofas, centre ottoman teapoys, ornament stands, triped stands, rich Persian and English carpets, very rich and handsome glass, epergues and flower vases, fancy table ornaments, muslin door curtains, a handsome mahogany full toned grand square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne, piano stool, a first rate Wheeler and Wilson's sewing machine, first rate oilpaintings and oleographs in rich gilt frame, handsome teakwood &c., Madras pattern fourpost bedsteads, dressing and wash-hand tables, dressing glasses, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, wardrobe with mirror, reclining couches, towel horses, violin, bedroom light chairs, bath tubs, commodes, dispense articles, cooking utensils, plants, &c. &c.

AT 2 P.M.
1 Handsome strong English built Victoria.
1 do. fast trotting iron grey Arab Horse.
1 Set Brass mounted single harness, gentleman and lady's saddles &c.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.
The property of another gentleman.
1 double pole tent.
1 strong barcelly cart.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 335 of 1883.

Jamsetjee Pestonjee Jewanjee of Bombay Parsee Merchant residing in Cowasjee Patel-street, Fort, Bombay. } Plaintiff.
vs.
Charles Agnew Turner of Bombay European inhabitant Official Assignee and Assignee of estate and effects of John Gordon late of Bombay European Merchant residing at Hamilton Hotel, Mazagon outside the Fort, Bombay. } Defendant.

Pursuant to the Decree made in the above suit on 3rd February 1885 it was ordered that 7 shares in the Gordon Mill Co., Ld., No. 365-71, mentioned in the plaint, be sold by Public Auction through Messrs. BENNETT and Co. Auctioneers.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 8th February, at 1 p.m. the undersigned will sell by Public Auction at the Share Bazaar, Fort the above-mentioned 7 shares in the Gordon Mill Co., No. 365-71.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SUNDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bandora House, Bandora, the blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, platedware, crockery and glassware, handsome oleographs and pictures in gilt frame, China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, &c., the property of W. B. WRIGHT, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 21th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Rajpipla Cottage, Bandora, Hill-road, Bandora, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, first rate pictures and oleographs rich table ornament, one Soundy's Indian square piano, iron frame, excellent tone, rich flower vases, &c., &c., the property of M. M. LINDSLEY, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 5th February, 1886.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

MRS. HELEN BLAIR McDOUGALL CHRYSTAL and MR. SUBRAO APPAJEE TELANG have been ADMITTED PARTNERS in our firm from 1st January, 1886.
P. CHRYSTAL & Co.

WE have THIS DAY AUTHORIZED Mr. G. R. YATES to SIGN our firm per PROCURATION.
F. J. V. MINCHIN & Co.
Gopalpore, 1st February, 1886.

NOTICE.

WANTED, a LOCAL FUND ENGINEER for the South Canara District. Salary, Rs. 400 per mensem, with travelling allowance of Rs. 4 per diem. Apply to the President of the District Board of South Canara, Mangalore, before the 28th February, 1886.
J. STURROCK,
President.

ANY PERSONS having any claims against or being indebted to the Estate of the late Colonel Singleton, C. B., Commandant 28th Regiment Bombay Infantry, should communicate with the undersigned at once, as after one month from this date no claims will be entertained.
R. WESTMACOTT, Lt.-Colonel,
28th Regiment Bombay Infantry,
President of Committee of Adjustment.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1710.

POLICIES opened on WAREHOUSES and SHOPS, MERCHANDISE, DWELLINGS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and other insurable property in Bombay and Mofussil at current rates, by
BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of 15 per cent. for the year ending 31st December, 1885, will be paid to Registered Shareholders on and after WEDNESDAY, the 10th proximo, at the Offices No. 9, Elphinstone-Circle.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Bombay, 30th January, 1886. Secretary.

P. RATANJI, 10, Forbes-street, Bombay, has on sale large self-playing Organs for Halls, Saloons, &c. They serve the purpose of a band of music, play very melodious and well selected airs, and have a loud sound.

Price: Small with 4 rollers .... Rs. 5,500
Large do. 6 do. .... „ 8,000
Also MUSICAL BOXES for Rs. 25 to Rs. 500

CAINEVILLE DIOCESAN SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MUSSOORIE.

WILL RE-OPEN on the 3rd of March, 1886, with a highly efficient Staff of teachers. Some alterations have been made in the terms and course of study.
For prospectuses apply to
MRS. CLARKE,
Head Mistress,
Caineville, Mussoorie.

BENEDICTINE! BENEDICTINE!!
From the Abbey of Fecamp, France.
THE BEST LIQUEUR.
ANTI-CHOLERAIC ANTI-DYSPEPTIC.
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:
CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.,
BOMBAY.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

ORIENTAL LIFE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ELEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Offices of the Company in Elphinstone Circle, on SATURDAY, the 13th February 1886, at 2 p. m.

(1) To receive Directors' and Auditors' Reports for the year ending 31st December 1885.
(2) To elect Directors and Auditors.
(3) To declare a Dividend.
(4) To transact any other business which may be brought before the meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 21st January, 1886.

SCOTT & Co, M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 50 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yards. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse Shoeing Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

KEATING'S COUGH-LOZENGES.

COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES, recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty. No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium, Morphia, nor any violent drug, and may be taken by the most delicate. One or two at bed-time ensures rest when troubled by the throat. Sold at all Chemists, in bottles.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising.*

There is no reason why the privilege should no be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcement known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 fee broad Re. 1 per month For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet, will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the curious stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of he Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

Digitized with financial assistance from the
Government of Maharashtra
on 27 June, 2017

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, Marine Battalion, Esplanade, at 5-45 p.m.
Band, B. V. R., Gymkhana, 5-45 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 3rd :—Malda (s), from Calcutta; and Culna (s), Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Sophia Joakin, for Calcutta; Glampadaran, Diamond Island; Aston Hall (s), Antwerp; Hurtburn (s), Port Said; Shahzada (s), Calcutta; Castleford (s), Rangoon.

POLO.—There will be no game this afternoon.

POSTAL NOTICE.—The next China and Australian Mails, per s. s. Clyde, will be closed at the General Post Office, Bombay, on Saturday, the 6th inst., at 8 a. m.

A MISSING GIRL.—Rukmee, woman, residing at Lower Colaba, reported to the police on Wednesday that her daughter, aged 15 years, who had on her person gold and silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 16, went to work as usual on the 28th ultimo, and had not been heard of since.

ROBBING A CHILD OF ITS ORNAMENT.—Hajee Ismail Essack, residing in Nagdevy-street, has reported to the police that on Tuesday a Mahomedan enticed away his daughter, about 7 years of age, to Gooari Mohalla, and there removed a gold neck ornament, valued Rs. 150, from her person.

ACCIDENT ON BOARD-SHIP.—Cummali Arjoon, a labourer employed on board the s. s. Saul, lying in the Prince's Dock, while working in the hold stowing cargo on Wednesday, sustained a fracture to his right leg by a bale of cotton accidentally falling upon him. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

INQUEST.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Tind[illegible] Street, Oomercarry, on view of the body of Bh[illegible]ai, a Mahomedan woman, aged 42 years. Deceased for some time past had been suffering from fever and cough, and died suddenly on Wednesday. The medical evidence went to show that the death of the deceased was due to phthisis, and a verdict to that effect was recorded.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE.—The following programme of music will be played by the Band of the Marine Battalion at the Esplanade Band stand this evening at 5-45 p.m. :—

March	Juanita	M. Curry.
Overture	Tancredi	Rossini.
Grand Selection	Songs of Wales	Maanen.
Valse	See-Saw	Crowe.
Laudler	Aelpler's Lust	Bela.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE GYMKHANA.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Gymkhana, to-day, at 5-45 p.m. :—

Overture	Nachkloenge von Ossian	Neils W. Gade.
Valse	With the Stream	Theo. Marziais
Finale, 2nd Act	Vittore Pisany	Peri.
Quadrille	Fest	Faust.
Polka	Resi	Lad-Zavertal,

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

INCAPABLE OF GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Baba Putla, Revenue Patel of Mauje Dassna, taluka Malegaon, in the Nasik Collectorate, having been found guilty of grave misconduct in the discharge of his duties, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity. Gopal Hari, Depy Kulkarni of Mauje Lonwade and Dasana taluka, Malegaon, in the Nasik Collectorate, having been convicted under Section 409 of the Indian Penal Code, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.—*Government Gazette.*

ARREST OF AN ABSCONDING CLERK.—On the 5th of last month, a Parsee, named Burjorjee Framjee, absconded from Bombay with a sum of Rs. 1,800 belonging to his employer. The Bombay Police made every effort to trace the man, who, it was believed, had gone either to Agra or Delhi, but without success. After a fruitless search in different places, a police officer, armed with a warrant, came to Calcutta on Friday last, and placed himself in communication with Inspector Ballard, of the Calcutta Police, and he traced the man who was "wanted" to a house in Harinbaree Lane. What is still more satisfactory, Rs. 1,300 out of Rs. 1,800 were recovered, the remainder having been spent by the accused.—*Indian Daily News.*

A COUPLE OF SHARPERS.—At the Police Court yesterday before Mr. Cooper, Inspector Holdway charged Janoo Ooma and Hoosain Mahomed with stealing property and cash, worth Rs. 61. It appeared from the evidence adduced that the accused are companions in crime. A few days ago No. 1, who is a professional thief, appeared to have learnt that a Cutchee, named Goolmahomed, had come to Bombay, and was worth some little money. The second accused, appearing to have no means of subsistence and starving, visited the new arrival and induced him to give him meals and to allow him to stay in his house. The next day No. 2 turned up at the house with his companion, but their appearance being suspicious, the Cutchee sent them about their business and told them he did not want to see them any more. However the same night No. 2 presented himself and told his benefactor that his uncle particularly wished to see him. Not suspecting anything he left, after locking his door, but found that the accused's uncle had never wanted and even did not know him. On his return home after strolling about, Goolmahomed found some one had broken into his room through a window and had taken away Rs. 60 in cash and some wearing apparel. He reported the matter to the police, and stating his suspicions, the accused were arrested. No. 1 was also charged with stealing in two other cases, having removed articles from shops in the market, and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment, the magistrate warning him that if he was brought up on a similar charge again he would be sent to be tried at the High Court when, if found guilty, he would probably be transported for his natural life. The second accused was discharged on the charge of abetment, as the evidence, the magistrate remarked, was not enough.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ended on Tuesday, 2nd February, was 402, being 10 less than the previous week, 44 less than in the week ending 3rd February, 1885, and 100 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 323 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of population per annum was 23·53, calculated on the increase of population since 1885. There were 180 deaths from remittent fever, being more than in the previous week, and 2 less than in the same period last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentry were last week 86, 17 and 6 respectively, as compared with 77, 19, and 19 in the same time last year.

A PILGRIM SHIP WITHOUT A DOCTOR.

MR. COOPER delivered judgment at the Fort Police Court yesterday in the case in which Mr. John B. Purvis, master of the Metapedia, was charged under the Native Passenger Act of 1883 with having brought 783 pilgrims from Jedda to Bombay without a license, in contravention of section 28 A of the Act.

Mr. Little appeared for the Government and Mr. Brown for the accused.

Mr. Cooper said.—The Native Passenger Ships Act of 1876 was amended by the Native Passenger Act of 1883, as the Legislature thought it expedient to amend the former Act to provide for the better regulation of the passenger traffic between British India and the Ports in the Red Sea. (After reading sections 28 A and 38 A his worship continued.) After the last Act came into force certain rules were duly made and published in the *Gazette of India*. It appears from the evidence that the ship Metapedia in this case was such a ship as will come within the meaning of section 27 of the Act, and that the accused was master of it. From the evidence it appears that he omitted to obey certain of those rules—No. 17 as to hospital accommodation and rules 25, 26 27, 28, 40 and 41. As regards the medical officer, I must take into consideration the fact that the captain appears to have done his utmost to have engaged a medical officer at Jeddah, and appears to have engaged at the port, according to the certificate of the Health Officer of the port, the only available doctor to be found at Jeddah. The Captain has omitted to obey and carry out the other rules, and the only excuse he offers here for not doing so, is that he says he was not aware of such rules. Well, I cannot take notice of such a defence as that. Every one is supposed to know the law. It appears also from the evidence of the Customs officer that when he went on board he found the vessel clean and in good order. I must convict the captain of these offences, and taking all the circumstances into consideration, I must inflict upon him a fine, which I consider nominal, of Rs. 50. It appears to me that it is only reasonable that the rule as to the medical officer should be altered in regard to ships bringing pilgrims from Jeddah, and that the British Consul there should be furnished with copies of the rules under the Act and instructed to provide captains of all the ships, about to bring pilgrims to India, with copies of such rules.

Holloway's Pills are the medicine most in repute for curing the multifarious maladies which beset mankind when dry, sultry weather suddenly gives place to chilly, drenching days. In fact, these Pills offer relief even if they fail of proving an absolute remedy in all the disturbances of digestion, circulation, and nervous tone which occasionally oppress a vast portion of the population. Under the genial, purifying, and strengthening powers exerted by this excellent medicine the tongue becomes clean, the appetite improves, digestion is quickened, and assimilation is rendered perfect. These Pills possess the highly estimable property of cleansing the entire mass of blood; which, in its renovated condition, carries purity, strength, and vigour to every tissue of the body.

SALE OF CYSTIC MEAT IN THE CRAWFORD MARKETS.

AT the Fort Police Court yesterday Mr. P. Higgins, Superintendent of Markets, charged Mohiddin Habib, a butcher, before Mr. Cooper, with exposing for sale and selling cystic beef. It appeared that the meat had been sold to the servant of a lady residing in the Fort. The lady, on examining the bazaar things, had found the meat full of maggots, and had sent it on to Mr. Higgins, complaining. Mr. Higgins was shown the accused by the cook as the butcher who had sold the cystic meat to him. The Superintendent stated that he was informed that of late a large number of butchers got their stalls supplied by meat brought from Cooria. He was taking steps to prevent this, but as yet was unable to catch any of the persons who thus surreptitiously supplied the market. The accused said in defence he did not see cysts in the meat on his stall. The meat had been examined, and he thought it was all right. His worship said it was a dangerous pratice and a most serious offence selling cystic meat, and fined the accused Rs. 100.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 4.

(Before Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD and Mr. Justice JARDINE).

A MURDER CASE REMANDED FOR FURTHER ENQUIRY.

THE EMPRESS *v.* BHAGHI WOMAN.

AT a Court of Sessions held in December last before Mr. H. J. Parsons, Sessions Judge of Tanna, Bhaghi, woman, was charged with the murder of her late husband, Dindia Halia Bhagat, by administering arsenic in the fish prepared by her for his meal ; and Ballia Dindia was charged with aiding and abetting her in the commission of the offence. The case was heard before Mr. Parsons and a jury.

There was no evidence against the second prisoner except the accusation made against him by the first ; and under the direction of the Sessions Judge, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the second prisoner was discharged. The jury, after hearing the evidence and the confessions of the accused, returned a unanimous verdict of not guilty as regarded the first prisoner in the following terms :—"The jury think it not proved that Bhaghi administered the poison to her husband. She says in this court that Ballia gave him his food and the benefit of this doubt as to whether this statement is true or not is given her."

The Sessions Judge said :—I am unable to accept this verdict. It is contrary to the evidence furnished by the dying declarations of Diwdia and by the twice repeated confessions of the accused himself. I consider the charge of murder is proved, and I do not believe that Ballia had anything to do with the giving of the poison. The case is referred to the High Court. The accused in the meanwhile is remanded in custody.

Their Lordships, in disposing of the reference yesterday, directed that further enquiry should be made and additional evidence taken by the Sessions Judge of Tanna, who is to certify the same within one month. Their Lordships remarked that the only evidence against Bhaghi was that contained in her retracted confessions, in which she said that, by desire of the accused Ballia, and under compulsion of his threats of beating, she placed the contents of a packet which he gave her into the dish of fish which she had prepared for her husband. She added that Ballia had been at enmity with her husband, and that he warned her not to eat the fish herself and provided other fish for her own meal. At the trial, she said that she had been beaten by the police, who had told her to say that Ballia had given her the poison, and that the "Sarkar would let her go." This allegation, their Lordships remarked, was not enquired into by the Sessions Judge, who directed the jury to acquit Ballia, as the confession of Bhaghi was not admissible as evidence against him. It would appear that the jury must have disbelieved the confessions made by Bhaghi ; it was possible that they believed her story that the confessions had been induced by improper pressure by the police, and on the record as it stood, it would be difficult for their Lordships to say that the evidence had been wrongly appreciated. If Bhaghi's allegations against the police were true, her confessions must be worthless. These allegations were not proved, but they stood uncontradicted on the record. As, however, their Lordships had to decide whether the unanimous verdict of the jury or the opinion of the Sessions Judge was to prevail, they could not dismiss the case with these remarks. It was clearly incumbent on the Sessions Judge to make some enquiry into the truth of the allegations, especially as it appears from the present case and other cases which had come before their Lordships that juries sometimes give less weight to duly recorded confessions, subsequently retracted, than the Sessions Judge is inclined to give. The case would probably have been presented to the jury in a more satisfactory manner if the Sessions Judge had suggested to the prosecution the advisability of adducing more evidence than appeared on the record in corroboration of the retracted confessions of the accused Bhaghi. Was it possible to ascertain whether she or Ballia had procured any arsenic from any dealer in the village or elsewhere shortly before the commission of the offence? Did Ballia provide her with fish for her own meal as she says he did? Had he ever had any cause of quarrel with her husband as she alleges? These were questions which naturally suggested themselves, but to which their Lordships found no sufficient answer in any evidence adduced at the trial. The same remark applied to the question on which the jury had doubts, namely whether it was the prisoner or Ballia who prepared the food eaten by the deceased. It was obviously important that, in cases where a retracted confession is the evidence chiefly relied on by the prosecution, not only should the court be satisfied as to the falsity of any allegations as to improper pressure by the police, but should use every reasonable effort to ascertain to what extent, if any, details of the confession are corroborated. The Sessions Judge was directed to take such evidence as might now be procurable with reference to the allegations of the accused against the police, and such evidence also by way of corroboration of her confessions as might now be procurable without undue delay and certify the same, with his opinion thereon, within one month.

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—FEB. 4.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

DOUBLE ATTEMPT TO MURDER.

ABDOOL CURRIM DAWLIA, a Mahomedan weaver, was charged with having, on the 30th November last, cut the throat of Nubbeebux Buxee with such intention and knowledge, and under such circumstances, that, if he had caused the death of Nubbeebux, he would have been guilty of murder ; and with having voluntarily caused him grievous hurt. Prisoner was similarly charged in respect of Rajbee, woman, his own wife. Mr. Rivett-Carnac, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution ; and Mr. Tyrrel Leith for the prisoner.

The facts of the case for the prosecution are these. The complainant Nubbeebux, a weaver, worked in one Shaoo Seth's weaving factory in 8th Cammateepoora Lane, where he also took his meals and slept at night. The woman Rajbee joined the factory recently and was working and taking her meals there. It appeared that one time Rajbee was living with the prisoner, either as his wife by *nika* or as his kept mistress. She left him about the middle of November last, and went to work in Sahoo Seth's factory. The prisoner appeared still to have been jealous of her. About 7 o'clock on the evening of the 30th November, the complainant Nubbeebux was weaving in the factory by the light of a kerosine lamp, while Rajbee was kneading flour for making bread. There was also Ahmedkhan Ibrahimkhan, a pensioned regimental sepoy. An old woman named Chandbee was also said to have been in the room. but there was some doubt on the point. However that might be, Mr. Rivett-Carnac remarked to the jury, the evidence of the complainant, Rajbee, and Ahmedkhan would be sufficient to prove the offence charged against the prisoner. About 7 p. m. on the 30th November, while the complainant was weaving and Rajbee was kneading flour as above stated, the prisoner went into the room, seized Rajbee by the hair of her head, and inflicted a severe wound with a razor in her throat. On Nubbeebux crying out, "why do you strike her ?" the prisoner left Rajbee, and rushing upon Nubbeebux, gave him a cut in the neck with the razor. He bled and fell down. He, as well as Rajbee, who had fainted in conseqence of the wound she received, were removed for treatment to hospital. An alarm was raised, and the prisoner was afterwards arrested by the police. It appeared that, in a statement made by the prisoner before the magistrate, he stated that he had previously to the 30th November gone to the weaving factory and warned the complainant not to have anything to do with his wife Rajbee, threatening to kill him if he did so. Both Nubbeebux and Rajbee were under treatment in hospital more than a month. Under these circumstances, said Mr. Rivett-Carnac, it was for the jury to say whether the prisoner's intention when he inflicted the injuries on Nubbeebux and Rajbee was to kill or to cause grievous bodily harm.

Evidence was then led for the prosecution. Rajbee stated that she was not married to prisoner by *nika* ceremony. It was a mock ceremony with regard to the real character of which she had been deceived by the prisoner. She had lived with him about six years. Lately he turned her out of his house, because she demanded of him her ornaments which he had sold, appropriating the proceeds to his own use, and because she required him to earn something and provide for her.

Mr. Leith, in addressing the jury, asked them to infer from the evidence that the prisoner, in a moment of excitement and provocation, and without any premeditation, picked up the razor and inflicted injuries upon the woman who had ungratefully deserted him, and the man who, he believed, had been the immediate cause of that desertion. She was his wife by the *nika* ceremony ; and he had gone to the weaving factory to try and persuade her to return to him, when Nubbeebux interfered and was the occasion of a quarrel, in the excitement of which the prisoner wounded him.

His Lordship, in summing up the case, said there could be no doubt that the prisoner inflicted the wounds on the complainants ; and he had made a statement to that effect before the magistrate. It had been stated for the defence that the prisoner's wife had proved unfaithful ; but before the jury could accept that statement, they must ask themselves what evidence there was on the point. The jury should consider what evidence there was to support the statement that there was grave and sudden provocation in the case. The learned counsel for the defence remarked that the prisoner probably intended to cut off his wife's nose, a practice which was said to be peculiar to Mahomedans in their treatment of unfaithful wives. His Lordship's experience, however, told him that the practice was very common among Hindoos of low castes. This cruel and barbarous custom was a crime which exposed the culprit, on conviction, to transportation for seven years—a punishment which, it was considered by the judges of the High Court at a meeting of their body, was sufficient. The first question the jury would have to ask themselves in the case was, whether there was evidence to reduce the offence to anything less than an attempt to murder? It was through a mercy of Providence that the prisoner was not now in the dock to take his trial on a charge of murder. He must have had a deliberate purpose in going to the factory with a razor, with the blade so fastened at the bottom by means of pieces of cloth so as to prevent its closing in.

The jury, after a short consultation, found the prisoner not guilty of attempt to murder, but guilty of voluntarily causing grievous hurt to Nubbeebux, and of causing hurt to Rajbee.

His Lordship, in passing sentence, said :—Abdool Currim, the jury having acquitted you of an attempt to murder, I shall pass upon you a less severe sentence than I should otherwise have done. The sentence of the court upon you is that you be transported for ten years.

The court then adjourned.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB REGATTA OF 1886.

SAILING COMMITTEE.—Commodore Captain Morland ; Rear Commodore John Macfarlane, Esq ; Kenneth Macaulay, Esq ; Colonel W. Merriman ; John Hay Grant, Esq ; Tyrrel Leith, Esq.

FIRST DAY—MONDAY, 15TH FEBRUARY.

1ST RACE.—For Club yachts under 6 tons. Time allowance for tonnage. Winners during the previous two years to be penalised by doubling their tonnage for each race of their class won. Entrance, Rs. 10. Prize—Entrance money, and a cup, value Rs. 100. To start at 1-30 p.m. Once round the course.

2ND RACE.—For Club yachts under 20 tons. Time allowance for tonnage. Winners during the previous two years to be penalised by doubling their tonnage for each race of their class won. Entrance, Rs. 10. Prize—Entrance money, and a cup, value fifteen gold mohurs. To start at 1-45 p.m. Once round the course.

3RD RACE.—Club yachts, over 20 tons. Time allowance for tonnage. Winners during the previous two years to be penalised by doubling their tonnage for each race of their class won. Entrance, one gold mohur. Prize—Entrance money, and a cup, value twenty gold mohurs. To start at 2 p.m. Once round the course.

4TH RACE.—*Bona fide* ships' boats of any rig or size. No time allowance. Entrance, Rs. 5. 1st prize, Rs. 60 ; 2nd prize, Rs. 30. 3rd boat saves stakes. To start at 2-15 p.m. Once round the course.

5TH RACE.—Licensed Kurrachee boats. No time allowance. Entrance free. 1st prize, Rs. 30 ; 2nd prize, Rs. 15. To start at 2-30 p.m. Once round the course.

6TH RACE.—Bunder boats. Entrance free. 1st prize, Rs. 30 ; 2nd prize, Rs. 15. To start at 2-45 p.m. Once round the course.

7TH RACE.—Licensed jolly boats. Entrance free. 1st prize, Rs. 30 ; 2nd prize, Rs. 15. To start at 3 p.m. Once round the course.

SECOND DAY—THURSDAY, 18TH FEBRUARY.

1ST RACE.—For all yachts, which may have competed in the 1st, 2nd or 3rd Sailing Races on 15th February, 1886. Handicap allowance at the finish. Entrance, one gold mohur. Prize—Cup, value fifteen gold mohurs. To start at 1-30 p.m. Once round the course.

2ND RACE.—Yachts coming under Club Rule XXXIV. Time allowance for tonnage. Entrance, Rs. 10. Prize—a cup, value Rs. 100 and entrance money. To start at 1-45 p.m. Once round the course.

3RD RACE.—For steam-launches, limited to 55 feet between perpendiculars. Time allowance, fifteen seconds per foot of length. Entrance, Rs. 5. 1st prize, Rs. 75 ; 2nd prize, Rs. 25. Three launches to start, or no race. Five launches to start, or no 2nd prize. To start at 2-30 p.m.

ROWING MATCHES.

1ST RACE.—For 5 or 6-oared gigs. Entrance, Rs. 5. Prize, Rs. 50. Four boats to start, or no race, To start at 4-30 p.m.

2ND RACE.—Cutters and launches pulling eight or more oars. Entrance, Rs. 5. 1st prize, Rs. 50 ; 2nd prize, Rs. 25. Four boats to start, or no 2nd prize. To start at 4-45 p. m.

3RD RACE.—For 4-oared gigs and boats limited to 25 feet over all. Entrance, Rs. 5. Prize, Rs. 30. To start at 5 p. m.

4TH RACE.—Yachts boat race, any size or number of oars pulled by yachts-sailing crews. Entrance free. Prize, Rs. 3[illegible]. To start at 5-10 p. m.

THIRD DAY—SATURDAY, 20TH FEBRUARY.

SAILING MATCH.

Consolation Handicap.—For all vessels which have competed in this year's racing, but have not won a prize during the Regatta. Entrance, Rs. 10. 1st prize, entrance money and Rs. 100 added ; 2nd prize, Rs. 30. To start at 1-30 p. m. Once round the course.

ROWING MATCHES.

1ST RACE.—4-oared out-riggers ; open to members of any rowing club. Entrance, Rs. 40. Prize—Entrance money and five gold mohurs added. Three boats to start, or added money will not be given. To start at 5-30 p.m.

2ND RACE.—Single sculling race for out-riggers ; open to members of any rowing club. Course, half-a-mile. Entrance, Rs. 10. Prize—Entrance money and two gold mohurs added. Three to start, or added money will not be given. To start at 5-40 p.m.

3RD RACE.—Out-rigger race, service fours ; open to members of any service. Entrance, Rs. 40. Prize—Entrance money and five gold mohurs added. Three to start or added money will not be given. To start at 5-50 p.m.

THE FORT AT MARUCHAK.

A CORRESPONDENT with the boundary commission writes to an up-country paper.—Maruchak Fort, which the majority of us have probably now seen for the last time, has evidently been a fine place in its day. The outer walls are some 600 yards square, slightly rounded at the corners, and are still some 15 feet or more in height and surrounded by a moat. The main entrance is on the west, facing the river, which here extends, in the form of a large swamp, right up to within two or three hundred yards of the gate. They are also other and smaller gates at the north-east and south-east angles, but the whole enclosure is now the picture of desolation and decay. The centre is occupied by a circular mound some 30 or 40 feet in height and about 250 yards in diameter, the remains, I presume, of an inner fortress. The walls on the top of this have been partially repaired, and a row of barracks were built last year all round the eastern side for the Afghan garrison. These were all occupied when I saw them in February last, but that was before the attack on Panjdeh. They were deserted directly after. The heavy spring rains played sad havoc with the unburnt bricks of which they were constructed, and they will require a good deal of repair before they are fit for habitation again. The citadel is comprised in a higher mound again some 60 yards square, occupying the south-west corner of the fortress mound and some 20 or 30 feet above it. The walls and bastions of this were built up to a height of some 10 feet by the Afghan masons before the winter set in last year, and nothing more, of course, was done this year. Next year, no doubt as soon as the boundary is settled, the walls will be completed by the Amir's orders and the place put in a state of defence. But however suitable for the accommodation of the Afghan frontier garrison, I doubt if the fort could offer any prolonged resistance to a Russian attack. The citadel was evidently in former days quite cut off from the rest of the fortress, as their is still a deep hollow on its northern face, marking the site of some old trench or tank, in wich the rainfall was collected. The road from Maruchak to Karawal Khana runs along the eastern side of the valley, close under the hills, twice crossing projecting spurs of the latter, and thus cutting off bends of the river. Woe to the unfortunate sportsman who crosses the canals by the bridge near the Maruchak fort and shoots his way up the valley, fondly imagining that he can cross the canals and get back into the road again higher up. I myself can speak from personal experience on the subject and I am not likely to forget how, after working my way through swamps and reed beds right up to the southern end of the first spur, I found myself brought up at the head of the canal by precipitous banks some 15 or 20 feet in depth and utterly impassable for man or beast and how I wearily worked my way back for some five or six miles along the banks of this canal and even then after canal had split up into several branches. I only got across with the greatest difficulty at the cost of a thorough ducking to myself, men, and horses—a by no means agreeable termination to a day's shooting on a cold winter's evening with one's camp almost as far off as when one started in the morning.

FIRE IN A RUSSIAN PRISON.

THE other night a fire broke out in the St. Petersburg Central Prison, situated in a street near the Opera House. The fire began in the joiners' large workshops, and then attacked the shoe-makers' work-shops. The entire fire brigade arrived promptly but could not save these parts of the prison, though several steam-engines were put to work. The vast building contained about 1,200 prisoners. The fire did not reach the part where they sleep ; but nevertheless, some agitation was observed among them, and large detachments were sent to the spot from the barracks in the neighbourhood.

SINGULAR DISPUTE BETWEEN AN ARTIST AND HIS AGENTS.

IN the case Albert Frankel *vs.* Soundy and Co., Limited, which came on for hearing at the High Court, before Sir William Wedderburn yesterday, the plaintiff, who is an artist, claimed Rs. 2,655-8 alleged to be due to him from the defendants, in respect of certain portraits, including one of the late Sir Salar Jung painted by him, and for the value of certain articles in the possession of the defendants. Mr. Lang and Mr. Russell, instructed by Mr. A. F. Turner, appeared for the plaintiff ; and Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Chalk and Walker, appeared for the defendants.

It appears from the plaint that in the month of November 1883 it was mutually agreed between the plaintiff and the defendants—and the agreement was subsequently reduced to writing—that the plaintiff should paint for the defendants at Rampart Row (where they were to provide for him a studio for the purpose) portraits in oil, water or crayons and to do any other artistic work to the best of his ability, for which they might obtain orders, and that they should be entitled to a commission of 20 per cent on the amounts realized in respect of such work ; that under this agreement the plaintiff painted certain portraits and did other work for which the defendants had obtained orders, and that although they had received payment therefore, they had not paid to him the whole of his share for the same. It was further stated by the plaintiff that in March 1884, an advertisement appeared in the newspapers for an artist to paint a portrait of the late Sir Salar Jung, that the defendants at his request and on his behalf applied for the work, which was subsequently offered to and accepted by him for Rs. 3,500, out of which he agreed to pay to them a commission of 50 per cent. on their agreeing to provide the frame for the picture ; that on the 2nd July 1884 he proceeded to Hyderabad, Deccan, to paint the said portrait, and that on completion of the work the defendants received payment of the money, but had not paid to him his share thereof. The plaintiff further stated that when he went to Hyderabad, he left with the defendants a crayon portrait of their secretary and manager, Mr. A. F. Soundy, of the value of Rs. 200, an oil-painting of the value of Rs. 500, and some drawing materials and paper and other sundry articles of the value of Rs. 151, and that the defendants had detained them and refused to give them up.

The defendants in their written statement admitted the agreement of the 26th June 1884, but denied their indebtedness, and claimed a sum of Rs. 751-7-11 as due to them by the plaintiff. They stated that they had given credit to him for one half of the amount realized for the portrait of the late Sir Salar Jung, and they alleged that the agreement to pay a commission of 50 per cent. related not only to that portrait, but to all orders obtained at Hyderabad. They further stated that the portrait of Mr. A. F. Soundy was painted by the plaintiff as a specimen portrait, and was presented to Mr. Soundy, and that they were willing to return to the plaintiff on his settling his account with them the oil painting which he had left with them and some articles of small value, which he had neglected to remove.

In his examination by Mr. Russell, the plaintiff stated that he had painted the picture of the late Sir Salar Jung at Watson's Hotel. He was painting the picture two months, and having executed the work, he accompanied Mr. Soundy, at his request, to Hyderabad for the purpose of delivering the picture. Mr. Soundy had some other pictures with him to exhibit there for sale. They went to Hyderabad on the 2nd July last. The plaintiff paid his own railway fare, but the carriage of the picture was paid for by Mr. Soundy. The picture of Sir Salar Jung was submitted to a committee for approval, but as they did not approve of it, the plaintiff had to alter it. He was occupied one month in altering it, Mr. Soundy during that time exhibiting and selling the pictures he had brought from Bombay. While he stayed in Hyderabad, he solicited orders for pictures on his own behalf, and obtained orders from the Nizam, the minister and his brother, and several other nobles. The defendants were not entitled to any commission on account of these pictures. A portrait of the Minister of Tonk, of the value of Rs. 500, was among the pictures detained by the defendants.

In the course of his cross-examination by Mr. Macpherson, the plaintiff said :—I was in Calcutta, where I painted at Mr. Johnson's firm of photographers. I was receiving Rs. 500 per month from them, and was under an agreement to remain with them for three years. I left them after staying ten months, because Mr. Johnson had a bad temper. I had a dispute with an employ'e in the establishment, and when I asked Mr. Johnson to settle it, he ordered me out of his shop. I was not hard up when I came to Bombay. I was here a fortnight before Mr. Soundy sent for me. The specimen portrait of Mr. Soundy was painted on the understanding that he should pay me for it, if he kept it, or return it to me if he did not want it. No price was named for this picture ; but Mr. Soundy himself was to pay it, independently of the company. Mr. Soundy did not insist upon all the orders to me going through him before the agreement between us was entered into. But he did insist after the agreement had been made. As to Sir Salar Jung's picture I know that Mr. Soundy eventually closed the bargain for Rs. 3,500. Mr. Soundy's going to Hyderabad was not intended for the purpose of getting me orders. He was there on his own account.

Mr. Macpherson here read an extract from a letter to the plaintiff stating that Mr. H. Soundy had been sent with him to Hyderabad under the terms which had been arranged with him. Counsel asked the plaintiff how he reconciled this with the statement he had just made.

Plaintiff.—I say the statement contained in the letter is a falsehood. No such terms whatever had been arranged between us. It is decidedly a falsehood.

Mr. Macpherson.—What do you suggest as the reason for this falsehood on Mr. Soundy's part?

Plaintiff.—Mr. Soundy's object was to take half the money from me for all the work I did.

Q.—As for the picture of the Minister of Tonk, did he not decline to take it?—A. No.

Q.—Did the Minister ever ask for it? A. No, not by letter.

Q.—Did he ask for it in any other way? A. No.

Mr. Macpherson.—Then why did you say "not by letter"? That is not honest you know. Now, will you swear that the minister declined to have the picture?

A.—I swear that he did not decline to have it. He wanted the picture, and I had to frame it before taking it to him. That is an honest statement and I speak the truth.

Q.—Then why didn't you ask Mr. Soundy for the picture?

A.—I believe I had asked him. My memory is such that I sometimes cannot recollect things. But I think I did ask for it through other people. I did not send the picture to Tonk before I had left for Hyderabad, because I wanted to take it there myself.

To the Court.—Before Soundy went away from Hyderabad he did not say or suggest to me that the arrangement, under which I was to pay 50 per cent. for Sir Salar Jung's picture, was to be extended to the other portraits that I might paint there.

Mr. Macpherson, in addressing the court after the plaintiff's case had closed, said this was a Small Cause Court suit, and he was, therefore, sorry that his Lordship should have been troubled with it. The defendants had for their part tried their best to settle the matter out of court. The main point at issue was whether the plaintiff had agreed to pay to Messrs. Soundy 50 per cent. for all the orders obtained at Hyderabad. As to that, notwithstanding Mr. Frankel's statement that he was a witness of truth, he (Mr. Macpherson) would ask his Lordship to disbelieve history, because the evidence which would be brought by the defence to prove that such was the agreement would be simply overwhelming. His learned friend in opening the case had tried to import a little prejudice in it by saying that the defendants had tried to run a very hard bargain with Mr. Frankel. Supposing the bargain was very hard it was quite immaterial to arrive at a decision on the point. But that was not at all the view of the defendants. Their commission of 20 per cent. charged for work done in Bombay was very moderate indeed, seeing especially that the plaintiff had been supplied with a studio on the company's premises. The same commission was charged by the defendants to a very distinguished artist of considerable reputation in Bombay, Van Ruith ; and it must be remembered that his studio was not at Messrs. Soundy's but at Cumballa Hill. The learned council had no doubt that his Lordship would unhesitatingly arrive at the conclusion that the defendants had made a very fair contract with Mr. Frankel. But whether the contract was fair or not, there it was, and the parties must abide by it. The 50 per cent arrangement was made in regard to work done outside Bombay, the reason being that if Mr. Frankel went to Hyderabad or any other place alone, he would there be so much more his own master than he would be here while he worked under proper supervision. If, on the other hand, one of the firm were to accompany him and then the defendants were to charge him only 20 per cent. the commission would not be sufficient to cover the cost of the defendants. It would not compensate, for instance, the secretary and manager, who was the back-bone of the company, for the loss of time and money that would be involved by his accompanying the plaintiff on his expeditions to places outside Bombay. Instead of driving a hard bargain with Mr. Frankel, it would be seen that Mr. Frankel was a very great gainer by allying himself with a very well established firm in Bombay. The question for his Lordship's consideration was whether the agreement regardings 50 per cent. commission was confined only to Sir Salar Jung's portrait, or was extended to all the pictures the plaintiff should excecute in Hyderabad. There was no doubt that it was an immense advantage to Mr. Frankel to have gone to Hyderabad with Mr. Soundy. Mr. Soundy and his firm were well known in Hyderabad, while nobody knew Mr. Frankel ; and under the circumstances 50 per cent. was not an exorbitant commission. Mr. Frankel went there under the wing of Mr. Soundy, and as soon as he was able to fly a little on his own account, he "most shamelessly" determined to repudiate the agreement. After going through each item of the claim made by the plaintiff, Mr. Macpherson said that if his Lordship would accept the defendants' story regarding the agreement and the accounts, the decree for the plaintiff would be no more than Rs. 840.

The court rose at 5 p. m.

ELOPEMENT OF A BRIDE.

SOME remarkable revelations were made on Tuesday at the Aston police-court on the hearing of a charge against a butcher named Snape, of using threats. It appeared that the prisoner, who had been several times previously before the court, eloped to America in November with the daughter of a tradesman, who occupied a shop next door to that rented by Snape. The young lady was engaged to a young gentleman, and the day of the wedding had been fixed, when it was found that she had eloped. The assistance of the secretary of the Birmingham Young Men's Christian Association was requisitioned, with the result that a telegram was despatched to the secretary of the New York Young Men's Christian Association, who secured the services of a private detective. The steam-ship Egypt, on its arrival from Liverpool, was boarded, and Snape was arrested on a charge of abduction. Sufficient evidence, however, could not be adduced to substantiate the charge, and Snape was discharged ; but Miss Jennings, the young lady, was handed over to the Emigration Commissioners, who sent her back to her parents at Aston. Snape was remanded on the present charge.

DARING SURGICAL OPERATION.

A HOME paper gives the following account of a daring surgical operation performed by Sir William MacCormac :—A very wonderful operation has been performed on a girl at Barnstable as the result of a remarkable accident which befell her. Priscilla Carter, a domestic servant, in October last went to a Barnstaple dentist to have a whole host of teeth stumps extracted so that she might have in some new ones. She was placed under chloroform by Mr. H. Jackson, surgeon, and successfully operated upon for eight or ten stumps. As the dentist (Mr. Sanders) was, however, endeavouring to pull out another the forceps broke off to the joint. At this moment the girl gave two or three inspirations, and the dentist and doctor were frightened to find that she had swallowed a piece of the instrument, which was quite an inch long and weighed sixty-three grains. One can imagine the consternation and all that followed. The poor girl became very ill, coughed violently, was in great pain, and had to keep her bed. Ultimately she was taken to St. Thomas's Hospital, London, and there Sir William MacCormac performed an extraordinary operation. It was a question of life and death, and fortunately and providentially it ended in life for the girl. The windpipe was opened, and for an hour and a half the eminent surgeon was searching for and endeavouring to get out the piece of steel, trying several instruments. At one time he almost gave up in despair, as the instruments would not hold on to the obstacle, which slipped away. A last effort was made, and to the delight of the operator and all present this time success was achieved. The poor girl had been partially under chloroform, but was sufficiently conscious to express her thanks at the result. She last week returned to her friends at Barnstaple in perfect health. The operation is spoken of as one of the most successful ever accomplished.

A STORY OF GENERAL TOOMBS.

POLITICAL consistency is a rare virtue in these days it was, however, possessed in a striking degree by the unrepentant Confederate General Toombs, who died recently at Washington, and whose force of character, native integrity, and sturdy obstinacy gained for him general admiration and respect. He played an important part in the American Civil War, and it was said of him by General Longstreet that "no braver man ever led a brigade." He narrowly escaped capture when a price was put on his head. A cavalry squad rode up to the house in Washington Village where he was to be found. The corporal knocked at the door, which was opened by Toombs, who asked what was wanted, "I have an order," said the corporal, "for the arrest of General Toombs. Is he in?" "Yes," replied Toombs, "but he is engaged at present. If you will step in and take seats, he will be here in a few minutes. I will go and tell him." Toombs then rushed from the room, saddled his horse, and escaped to New Orleans, whence he sailed for Europe. He returned to Georgia in 1867, where he resumed his original profession of a lawyer He never became reconciled to the Union, and died as he had lived, true to the cause of the South. In heart and speech he remained unconquered and unconquerable to the last. He refused the oath of allegiance to the Government, and has gone down to the grave chief among those who boast it has been "I have no country." The ancestors of General Toombs were English Royalists who followed the fortunes of Charles II., and shortly after the battle of Worcester left England and settled in Virginia. His father, for military service in the revolutionary war was given an estate in Georgia, where General Toombs was born, 1816, and thus became entitled to the designation subsequently bestowed upon him of "the great Georgian."

THE *SATURDAY REVIEW* AND THE INDIAN DELEGATES.

THE *Saturday Review* in the course of an article on the mission of the Indian delegates, writes :—During the recent elections a considerable amount of pleasing mystery was attached to the origin and aims of certain native Indian "delegates." It will be remembered that just at the moment when the rival parties in every British constituency were buckling on their armour for the electoral struggle three young gentlemen, of fluent speech and romantic Oriental complexion, boldly stepped into the political arena, and announced that they were commissioned to let the people of England know who among the various aspirants for Parliamentary honours, were the true friends of India. They produced a black list of proscribed candidates, whom they described as the enemies of their race and country ; and they had also their good books, in which were written the names of all those dear good gentlemen who were prepared to provide moral pocket-handkerchiefs and other blessings of the cow-and-three-acres sort for "the poor starving ryots." It was observed with some surprise, that all those Anglo-Indian candidates of whom anybody had ever heard as having done anything in India for the good of India were included among the proscribed ; while the fortunate persons who were recommended were either English politicians not specially connected with India or gentlemen hitherto unknown to fame or only known from their connexion with famous libel-suits. Some little suspicion, too, was aroused by the fact that all the proscribed were Conservatives and all the recommended ones were Radicals—with two exceptions whose inclusion was in each case, obviously "colourable" only. However, the three Baboos—if we may be permitted the use of the Bengali name for the class to which all three belong—stoutly declared that they had no connexion with any English party, but that they simply represented like the three tailors of Tooley Street, the whole of their 250,000,000 fellow-countrymen. Sir Charles Dilke, too, came forward to assure the public that their visit was "in no way a party question ;" and Mr. Bright, at a farewell meeting at Birmingham on December 7, spoke of the "message they were commanded by the millions of India to deliver." We all know how that "message" was received, in spite of Sir Charles Dilke and Mr. Bright. Every candidate whom they attacked—with the significant exception of the Liberal gentleman colourably included in their proscription—was elected ; every one specially recommended by them is now out in the cold. And the last heard of the trio in England was in paragraph published on December 19, which announced that they were about "to return to India in a few days."

But during the actual campaign of the Baboos they over and over again state in their letters that they think it best to follow implicitly the advice of the secretary of the National Liberal Club, and is really is most interesting to compare Sir Charles Dilke's very robust declaration of the non-party character of the work of the delegates with the words of the secretary, as reported in the *Indian Mirror* at the initial conference. He stated plainly that "it would be utterly impossible for their work to be carried out on non-party lines." Again, in a later speech on the same occasion he said, "They could not do better than to go on party lines ; they were all Liberals there, and it was as well to look things squarely in the face"—after which nothing more was said on that point.

Mr. Chandarwarkar and Mr. Mudliar—that is the old spelling of the name of the Madras "delegate" in the *Indian Mirror* of November 6—give an enticing account in some of their letters of their own and Mr. Digby's opinions about some well-known men. A report of a conversation with Mr. Digby shows that Mr. Bright is regarded as something very like an extinct volcano ; while Mr. Digby informs his allies that he has written to Mr. John Morley to point out the impropriety of the attitude assumed by the Member for Newcastle towards the proposals for an Indian Commission of Inquiry. Mr. Chandarwarkar gives an amusing account of an interview he had with Professor Thorold Rogers in Mr. Digby's rooms, and concludes thus :—"He is a man, I am told, of large sympathies, though at times of queer ideas, but still, as far as India is concerned, he seems to know little about it."

Altogether, there is a great deal to interest and amuse the curious reader in these epistles. The Baboos describe with pleasing simplicity the preparations made for their meetings. They dwell at great length on the anxiety and heart-searching with which they attended a meeting of Mr. Blunt, the Conservative candidate for Camberwell, because (as Mr. Mudliar puts it) "several Radical members are afraid that the Radical party and the Radical papers will withhold from us all further support, if we support the candidature of any Conservative candidate." Mr. Chadarwarkar gives an amusing description of the sensations of an orator who is howled at to "Go on!" by a British audience, when he has nothing left to say. Elsewhere he points out that "People will not take us unless we act on party lines ; and complains "You want us to be moderate, and we have been so, but people here say, 'Why don't you speak out?'" We might make many other quotations, but will conclude by saying that a search for these gems in the recent files of the *Indian Mirror* will be well re-paid.

PHILLIPS' TARAXACUM and Podophyllin, a Tonic and gentle Laxative, removing and preventing sluggishness of the liver, so prevalent in tropical climates. Per bottle, Re. 1-8.—PHILLIPS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

HOW A GHOST WAS LAID IN YORKSHIRE.

At the Gateshead petty sessions, a young man of respectable appearance, named John Jobling, has been charged with having assaulted John Rice, at the Felling.—Mr. C. M. Dix appeared on behalf of Rice, and said that, for some little time before the 4th of January, a scare had existed about the Felling, among, probably, some nervous young men and excitable young women with reference to a mysterious person or appearance which, at a dread hour of the night, made its entrance and its exit among the passages and lonely places at the Felling. (Laughter.) Every now and again a timorous youth or maid would be :—

> Like one that on a lonesome road
> Doth walk in fear and dread,
> And, having once turned round, walks on
> And turns no more his head ;
> Because he knows a frightful fiend
> Doth close behind him tread.

(Laughter.)—Mr. Clark (for the defendant) reminded his friend that this was not a theatre ; and the Chairman of the Bench added, "You are quite as competent as the poet, and, therefore, you might as well drop the poetry."—Mr. Dix said the complainant's wife heard a mysterious noise outside the house and awakened her husband, who looked into the passage, and there he saw some figure dressed apparently in light clothes, and doubtless he addressed him with :—

> What may this mean.
> That thou, dread corpse, again in complete steel
> Revisitest thus the glimpses of the moon.
> Making night hideous !

(Laughter.) For his reply he got from the defendant a blow with a stick on the forehead as Jobling rushed past. That was the assault complained of.—The defence was that Jobling went into the passage for certain purposes.—The cross-summons having been heard a fine of 2s. 6d. was inflicted on Jobling.

INHUMAN CONDUCT AT AN EVICTION

Seven evictions took place recently on the estate of Sir John F. Godfrey, around Milltown, Co. Limerick. At one of the houses, that of a farmer named Reeves, holding 10 acres and owing £37, a harrowing scene is reported to have occurred. Mrs. Reeves had been confined only a few days, and was lying in bed weak and ill with her baby when the bailiffs entered. The furniture was carried off till nothing but the bed remained, and then the sick woman was compelled to leave it, and her child's cradle was flung out. She sat by the fire, but presently a bailiff extinguished the fire, and she and her baby were turned out on to the roadside in all the rigour of the weather. After a short exposure to its inclemency her condition became so alarming that a priest who was present deemed it necessary to administer the last rites of her Church. He had previously remonstrated against her removal ; and at length, seeing her condition, the agent, at his further entreaties, consented to the unfortunate family re-occupying the house for a few days.

NAPOLEON III.

IN an article in the *Pays*, by M. Robert Mitchel, reference is made to an alleged project of the deposed Emperor Napoleon III, for re-establishing his authority in France by a *coup de main*, of which history his hitherto known nothing. M. Mitchell points out that the late Emperor was not the only European Sovereign who had his Sedan—the writer instances the reigning families of Prussia, Austria and Italy—though he was the only one who paid for his defeat by deposition. He then passes on to state that the Emperor might have reversed the consequences of that disaster but for the lamentable disease which terminated in his death. "Thirteen years ago," he says, "the Emperor Napoleon III. died at Chislehurst at the very time when he was preparing to repeat the marvellous return from Elba. All was ready. The Emperor, however did not deem himself in sufficient health to undertake this heroic adventure." M. Mitchell then puts into the mouth of Louis Napoleon reason for declining the enterprise which have a certain dignity and fitness. "King Louis," he said "may have returned into France in carriage or on a litter but Napoleon should re-enter his capital on horseback." It is not of course, impossible that some such projects were discussed at Chislehurst. The probability is that they were discussed many times over and in many different forms. But that any definite plans had been laid for a rush upon France seems more than doubtful. Napoleon was scarcely ever at a lower ebb than it was at that time, and Napoleon III. was hardly likely to have covered himself with the sham and scandal of an enterprise in which defeat was almost a necessity.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Alcester, 1,046 tons, Captain P. Bruce, sails to-day for Akyab in ballast.

THE steam-ship Castleford, 2,[illegible] tons, Captain A Sibthorpe, sailed yesterday for Rangoon in ballast.

THE steam-ship Heartburn, 1,245 tons, Captain P J Dennis, sailed yesterday for Port Said with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Maida, 1,268 tons Captain H Hewett, arrived in harbour on the 3rd instant from Calcutta (12th Jan), via Coast with a general cargo and 4 deck.

THE Asiatic Co's, steam-ship Shahzada, 1,046 tons, Captain W Mason, cleared yesterday for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Col F C Keyser, Lieut G R Lascelles and 4 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Burmah, 675 tons, Captain O R Mitchell, sails to-day for Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Lieut E R Marton, Lieut T C L Logan, Mr Frank Bailey, Lieut P de S Burney, Lieut Dewell, Col N R Stewarts, 1 native officer and 64 deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
3	Malda (s)	Hewett	Calcutta, Jan. 12.
	Culna (s)	Bellwood	Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
4	Sophia Joakin	Brown	Calcutta.
	Glampadaran	Jones	Diamond Island.
	Aston Hall (s)	Moffat	Antwerp.
	Hurtburn (s)	Dennis	Port Said.
	Shahzada (s)	Mason	Calcutta.
	Castleford (s)	Sibthorpe	Rangoon.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday :—
Steamer Alcester, Bruce, for Akyab.
„ Burmah, Mitchell, for Kurrachee.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Hankow, for Marseilles.
„ Malda, for Coast and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

Jan. ARRIVALS.
31 Kohinoor (s) .... Bullock ..... Bombay, Dec. 29.

DEPARTURES.
Jan. 21.—Steamers Shahjehan, Tibre and Cormarant.

MADRAS.

Jan. ARRIVAL.
30 Madras (s) .... Negapatam,
Boyne (s) .... Cardiff.
Feb. DEPARTURE.
2 Girvan .... Akyab
Madras (s) .... Negapatam.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 1.

Duke, Surg.-Major, 16th Bl. C., on leave, from Umballa.

FEBRUARY 2.

Humphrey, Major, Bo. 10th Regt. N. I., on privilege leave, from Bhuj.

FEBRUARY 4.

Wapshare, Lt., Bo. 4th Cavy. H. C., on leave, from Mominabad.

Borrodaile, Col., Bo. R. A., on duty, from Poona.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 3.

Bruce, Dy.-Surgn.-Gl, Bo I M D, on tour, to Deolali.

Francis, Lt, Bo Transport, on duty, to Abu.

FEBRUARY 4.

Dickin, Major, Bo Gloucester Regt., on duty, to Ahmednuggur.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS,

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt., B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 5th February, 1886.

There will be a Church parade of the Bombay Vol Rifle Corps on Sunday evening next the 7th February. Fall in in front of the Gymkhana, at 5.-15. p. m., Red uniform with helmets and side arms to be worn :—Members who are at the Tram terminus at Colaba, Byculla, Grant Road, and Girgaum at 4-45. p. m., and all those met on their way will have their fares paid.

The Monthly Committee Meeting of the Vol. Club will be held on Monday next the 8th inst. at 5.-30. p. m., at the Club Room.

The Quarterly General Meeting of the Vol. Club will be held on Wednesday the 10th inst. at 5.-30. p. m. at the Club Room.

Lance Corpl A. Boileau F. Company, is granted 3 month's leave of absence from this date.

Vol. E. W. Guest is transferred from F. Company to H. Company from this date.

By order,
H. HODGKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 4.

THE leading features in business this week have been, a fair amount of export buying in Cotton, a limited demand for Wheat and Seeds, depressed Freights, and declining Exchange. Imports are mostly dull and without any salient points. Money is quiet, Government Paper steady, Shares dull and inactive.

MONEY.—The last Bank of Bombay return showed an increase of nearly 6 lakhs in the available Cash Balance, and locally there can be no question that money is still easy. In Calcutta, however, a further advance of 1 per cent. has taken place to-day, making the Bank of Bengal minimum 6 per cent. as against 4 per cent. per annum here. With the slack season to look forward to this discrepancy might be of little importance, but as at present situated, every day bringing us nearer to larger trade requirements our market before long must respond at least partially to the rise in Calcutta. At present there a still a margin between the open market and the Bank, advances outside being obtainable on Government Paper at 2½ per cent. but directly this difference is narrowed down, we may look for the Bank leading the way to an advance, and we should not be inclined to put this point more than a week or two off.

EXCHANGE.—Although closing with a slightly steadier tone this afternoon our quotations for Sterling mark a decline of ⅛d. to 5-32d. per rupee during the week. When writing last Thursday the tendency was downward at 1s. 5 31-32d. for demand Bank Bills and 1s. 6 5-32d. for 3 months' Credits, and on mail-day a decline of 1-32d. had been established before the steamer left. On Saturday Mercantile bills were reduced 1-32d., although Bank paper remained unchanged, and on Monday a steadier tone prevailed. Tuesday, however, witnessed a decided reaction. The Banks while showing considerable eagerness to buy were very different about selling, and a drop of 1-16d. took place. Yesterday Bank Bills receded 1-32d., while private bills were unmoved, but this morning we opened to a fall of 1-16d. to 3-32d. The depressing cause was the comparatively adverse results obtained for Council drafts in London yesterday, only Rs. 27,30,000 in bills and 1 lakh in transfers finding buyers at 1s. 5⅝d. and 1s. 5 15-16d. respectively. At the decline merchants became more willing sellers, and a recovery of quite 1-32d. must be quoted at the close, the following being rates for ready bills :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 5 27-32d. to ⅞	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic Transfer.	1s. 5 13-16d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 5 15-16d.	„
Do. 4 „	1s. 6d.	„
Do. 6 „	1s. 6 1-16d.	„
Credits 3 „	1s. 6d.	„
Do. 6 „	1s. 6 5-32d.	„
Documents 3 „	1s. 6 1-32d.	„
Do. 6 „	1s. 6 3-16d.	„
Francs 3 „	1·89½	„
Do. 6 „	1·91	„

Just at the moment there is perhaps a shade more willingness to sell than buy forward, but as a general rule of late 1-32d. better than the ready quotation has been about the best obtainable for Bank Bills in any position, while private paper could be placed at the same price as ready for delivery during the month, and 1-32d. per rupee per month advance up to April. A considerable business has been done during the week, the lower rates bringing out sellers of mercantile bills, and possibly this with the likelihood of dearer money may check the downward course of exchange for a time. Otherwise the position has little strength, and the general belief is that we shall see the rupee lower than it is now after the close of our export season. Bar Silver from 46⅞d. has receded to 46½d. per oz. in London, but at the latter figure there are said to be no sellers. We are so accustomed, however, to hear there is no Silver offering in London that reports of the kind receive little credence here. Supplies or no supplies, there is no falling off in the shipments to the east, £90,000 left London for this port by the P. and O. steamer sailing on Wednesday, and there are said to be shipments from the Continent in addition. The position of Silver in the Mint as shown by the statement published in the *Government Gazette* to-day is as follows :—

	Rs.
Value of Silver in the Mint on 23rd Jan. 1886	67,56,730
Silver received during the week	22,05,766
	89,62,496
New Coin paid during the week	13,05,540
	76,56,956
Silver belonging to private individuals	12,33,406
	88,90,362
Last week	89,28,697

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Notwithstanding the decline in Exchange and weaker quotations for rupee paper from London the market for paper has shown great steadiness throughout the week, and has rather improved than otherwise. Fours for Cash have hardened up to Rs. 97 13-16, and for delivery in a month Rs. 97½ is the quotation. Fours-and-a-half receded to Rs 100¼ for a time, but have since recovered to Rs. 100½. This change in the position is somewhat peculiar looking to the surroundings of the market, but the fact is that there is now very little paper on the market, the bulk having been gradually absorbed by investors, and until a new issue becomes imminent or money rises materially in value, values are easily maintained. Municipal 5 per cent. bonds are now quoted at par, Port Trust 4 per cents. are quoted at Rs. 91.

SHARES—There is no speculative activity about, nor anything to foster it in the outlook for the immediate future, but the market has ruled very steady, and in the case of *Spinning and Weaving Mills* the average tendency of prices has been upwards. Madras United have advanced Rs. 100, Western India Rs. 40, Bombay United Rs. 30, Soonderdas Rs. 25, James Greaves and Ripon Rs. 10, Great Eastern, Southern Mahratta, and Victoria Rs. 5. Manockjee Petit and Mazagon have declined Rs. 7½, Colaba, Coorla, and Oriental Rs. 5 per share, other concerns are unchanged. *Press* shares as a rule are very steady, and quotations have undergone almost no change during the week. New Indians have dropped Rs. 7½ to Rs. 140, and Colaba are slightly lower, otherwise we make no change. In *Banks* we have heard of no business except in Bank of Bombays, which have improved to Rs. 715 ex-div. In the *Miscellaneous* list, Bombay-Burmah Trading after fluctuating slightly close at the same rate as a week ago. Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining shares have dropped to Rs. 14 nominal, the speculators finding themselves now in the possession of the bulk of the shares with no buyers to take them off their hands. In Flour Mills, Western India have receded to Rs. 128, Bapty Bros. to Rs. 193 sellers. In Bombay business has been done at Rs. 700 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—A distinctly easier feeling has come over the market latterly, the demand on the part of consumers is less active, and prices in some instances have gone a half to one anna per piece lower. This is mainly due to the decline in the raw material present and prospective, which renders buyers indifferent about covering more than their requirements from day to day, but something must also be allowed for the fact that this is generally a quiet period in the trade, the cold weather demand being satisfied and hot weather requirements not yet set in. From the bazaar the off-take is estimated inside of 3,000 packages, and from first hands in the shape of firm offers we should say even less has been done, the decline in exchange being an additional retarding influence to this branch of business.

Of *Local*-made goods the sales are put at about 2,500 packages, but the demand for them is taking off to almost the same extent as for imported Cloths, and nothing but the very limited stocks in the hands of the Mills prevents prices following a similar course.

TWIST.—For English Yarns we have to report continued dulness. If 500 bales of all kinds have gone into consumption during the week we should say it is the most and for Grey Yarns we make prices in most cases ½ anna per lb. lower. Of Bombay Spinnings we estimate the business since last mail at about 3,500 packages, but the tendency is in favour of buyers.

METALS.—*Copper* is weak, and, if not quotably lower, is As. 8 per cwt. worse if business is forced. *Yellow Metal* is very dull and As. 8 to Re. 1 per cwt. down, Braziers being quoted at Rs. 27¾ in cases, Rs. 27¼ in bundles. *Iron* is steady at unchanged prices.

COALS.—Two cargoes of Cardiff changed hands in the early part of the week at Rs. 15 to Rs. 15¼, and one cargo of Davison's West Hartley at Rs. 15-2 per ton alongside. Since then except some small retail lots we have heard of nothing being done, and we call the market dull at for February-March shipment, Rs. 15 for Davison's, Rs. 14¾ to Rs. 15¼ for Cardiff sellers, buyers at As. 4 to As. 8 less.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—The home accounts have been the reverse of strong throughout the week, and sellers having a considerable quantity of Cotton beginning to come upon them, have shown much more willingness to sell. Prices have accordingly been reduced from day to day, until we quote a decline of Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy in Bengals, Broach and Dhollera, and Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 in Omras. The daily reduction, however, has brought values much more on a parity with the rates offered from the other side, with the result that a large business has been done partly simultaneous, partly to cover in previous sales. Irrespective of what has been bought by exporters up-country—which is of course a large proportion of the business—we should say quite 25,000 bales have changed hands one way and another since last mail left, and if prices go on giving way as seems by no means unlikely at the moment it is evident that a still larger business will be practicable. Good Omras to cost 3⅝d. and Fine Dholleras at 4¼d. per lb. c. and f. to the Continent are not dear whatever the cost of Americans may be, and continental spinners seem prepared to see this. There has perhaps been a slight lull for the past day or two, but all the indications point to an extensive business being practicable at these or lower rates. Omras possibly may have to go somewhat lower to really bring them into favor again, the quality—what between late rains and in many cases poor staple—being somewhat undesirable, but other growths promise well the samples of Broach and Bhownuggers to hand so far leaving little to be desired. Of Broach we have had no actual arrivals as yet, but in another week it will be available as the Gins it is reported will start the day after to-morrow. Of Bhownuggers, however, small parcels are coming in from day to day, and February delivery could be bought pretty freely if exporters cared to pay the price

As regards the ultimate out-turn of the crop, there is nothing new which would induce us to change our already expressed opinion of 900,000 to 1,000,000 bales as the probable shipments for the six months. Up to date we put the arrivals of new Cotton as follows :—

	Bales.
Berar	85,000
Bengal	86,000
Khandeish	40,000
Hinginghaut	14,000
Dhollera	1,000
	226,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

Receipts.	1886.	1885.	1884
For the week	38,432	23,800	33,263
Since 1st January	167,916	103,835	183,352
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	37,506	14,074	40,007
Since 1st January	78,671	54,382	120,962
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	634	1,282	7,011
Since 1st January	3,924	4,145	14,981

The following are to-day's quotations for Full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, cost and freight to Liverpool, *viâ* Canal, without commission :—

New Crop—		per Candy.	per lb. C. &F.
Bengal, Fine	February	Rs. 171	= 3⅞d.
Do. Fully Good	do.	„ 160	= 3⅝d.
Do. Good	do.	„ 155	= 3½d.
Do. Fine	March	„ 169	= 3 27-32d.
Do. Fully Good	do.	„ 159	= 3⅝d.
Do. Good	do.	„ 154	= 3½d.
Omra, Fine	February	„ 185	= 4 3-16d.
Do. Fully Good	do.	„ 173	= 3 29-32d.
Do. Good	do.	„ 167	= 3 25-32d.
Do. F. G. F.	do.	„ 155	= 3½d.
Do. Fine	March	„ 184	= 4 3-16d.
Do. Fully Good	do.	„ 172	= 3 29-32d.
Do. Good	do.	„ 165	= 3¾d.
Do. F. G. F.	do.	„ 155	= 3 17-32d.
Broach, Fine	do.	„ 203	= 4⅝d.
Do. Good	do.	„ 197	= 4½d.
Dhollera, Fine	April	„ 185	= 4¼d.
Do. Fully Good	do.	„ 178	= 4 1-16d.
Do. Good	do.	„ 173	= 3 31-32d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good	May	„ 175	= 4 1-32d.
Westerns	do. June-July	„ 165	= 3 13-16d.

WHEAT.—Although prices in Europe have weakened if anything, exceptionally cheap Freights and daily declining Exchange have combined with short supplies to advance rates slightly, and the following are to-day's quotations :—

	Old Rs. a. p.	New for delivery. Rs. a. p.
No. 1 Soft White	4 0 0	3 14 0
No. 1 Club Delhi	3 14 0	3 11 6
Soft Red Ahmedabad	3 12 0	3 10 0
Hard Red Khatha	3 7 0	3 5 0
Laskari	3 9 0	3 7 0

The following are the latest reports from Government regarding the Wheat Crop.

The second report on the prospects of the Wheat Crop in the Central Provinces is as follows :—

"Prospects have not changed materially since submission of first forecast. The Wheat Crop is reported to be in favourable condition in all districts, and its principal risk of damage is now from blight; no rain has, however, fallen since the third week of December, though the weather has been rather cloudy at times. The exports of wheat up to date show an increase over those of the corresponding period of last year. The price of wheat in Raipur was in December one anna per maund less than it was in November, and 5½ annas less than it was in October, this is in itself an indication of favourable prospects; in Nagpur prices have risen one anna per maund since November; in Jabalpur prices are stationary."

The first report on the prospects of the Wheat Crop in the Punjab is as follows :—

"Estimated area under wheat this year 6,000,000 acres, or nineteen per cent. less than last year; decrease owing to want of rain at sowing time. Rain in December and now has greatly improved the prospects of the crop."

SEEDS.—*Linseed* is now in comparatively short supply and with the reports of the new crop less encouraging than could be wished prices tend dearer. Ready we still quote Rs. 6-10-6. but March delivery has advanced to Rs. 6-6, May to Rs. 6-1 per cwt. *Rapeseed* is firm at Rs. 5-12-6 for New Yellow Guzerat, May delivery Rs. 5 per cwt. for Red Cawnpore. *Gingelly* is a short crop and prices are firmly held in consequence at Rs. 7-1-1½ per cwt. for White, Rs. 6-14 for Mixed 50 per cent black.

The Comparative imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows :—

		1886.	1885.	1884.
Wheat—For the week	cwt.	140,915	212,427	46,979
„ Since 1st Jan.	„	787,174	1,337,912	275,012
Linseed—For the week	„	33,122	30,510	20,274
„ Since 1st Jan.	„	211,705	134,165	131,598
Rapeseed—For the week	„	4,273	4,463	6,237
„ Since 1st Jan.	„	34,079	18,502	37,050
Gingelly—For the week	„	68,379	82,147	78,728
„ Since 1st Jan.	„	275,821	475,660	419,928

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

—	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
					Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 p.ct.	725
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	821x
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	587½
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	130
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	262
National Bank of India	37,320	250		5 pct.	110

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co Ld.	1,000 750	200 200	200 150	10 p.c.	200 150
Badham, Pile & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 18	142
Bapty Co., Ld.	2,625	200	165	Rs. 10	193
Barton & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	10 2-3p.c	75
Do. New issue	500	100	37½	10 2-3p.c	757
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.		500	100	6 p.c.	100
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	500	500	500	15 p. ct.	700
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	300
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 6	105 102
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	3,675
Do. (2nd Issue)	1,000	62	375	60	870
Do. (3rd Issue)	1,000	62	375	..	835
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	600	1,000	1,000	25	930
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.ct	104
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	30
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld.	3,000	100	100		115
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	Re. 25	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	..	5	..	14
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	500	500	300	3½	321
Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Ld.	500	500	200	36 p. s	330
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26½	330
Mechanics Building Co	4,000	50	22	3½	40
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	9 p.ct.	100
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	100
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	250	5	5 & 7	71 to 2
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	2	2½		2
Pearse and Co., Ld.	1,000	10	100	8 p. s	91
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 16	312½
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,62
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	60	Rs 18	78
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	10	100	Rs. 8	8
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,200	25	2	Re. 1	12¼xd
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs. 110	1,150
Thacker & Co. Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs. 1	175
Western India Flour Mills	1,000	195	100	12 p.c.	128
M. M. Mody & Co.	2,000	200	200	0	205

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. per cent. Stock	..	£100	..	..	£142
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	..	£100	..	..	£147

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 13-4-6
Carolas	„ 246
Mexican Dollars	„ 223
Five-Franc Pieces	„ 260
Bar Silver, 17½ betterness	„ 106-9
Gold Leaf	„ 21-7
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	„ 21-7
Australian Gold, 100 touch	„ 21-5-6
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	„ 21-2
Pekin Gold Bars	„ 20-13-6

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SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
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Next to Bombay Gazette Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

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DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the Skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure, when all other drugs have failed.

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MR. J. H. BRADLEY, Allahabad, writes :—Mr. N. LAZARUS, after testing my sight with his unrivalled Refraction Apparatus, supplied me with a set of eye-glasses for distance, close objects, reading, &c. I can confidently say that they are the best, and by far the most suitable that I have ever had from any Optician, and are justly entitled what they are named—N. Lazarus' 'Eureka.' I have met many who have consulted Mr. Lazarus, and they, too, are of a similar opinion.

Pamphlet, "How to Preserve the Sight," with instructions, prices and testimonials for mofussil Residents free on application.

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WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., Ld., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE'S* PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.

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Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, Germany,
Established 180 .

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FRESH CONSIGNMENT of these celebrated Pianos arrives regularly at the end of every month.

Plain Square	Rs. 792
Sympathetic Square	„ 861
Boudoir or Concert Piano (on three legs)	„ 1,500

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH ON DELIVERY.

N.B.—None genuine unless bearing the name of "SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE" IN FULL.

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Plain Square Piano	Rs. 35-0 per month for 21 months.
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Boudoir (on three Legs)	„ 70-0 „ „
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DELIVERED FREE AT ANY RAILWAY STATION, at Bombay or Poona.
MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
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NOTIFICATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

I.—SENATE MEETING.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING of the SENATE will be held on FRIDAY, the 5th instant, at the conclusion of the Meeting of the Faculty of Arts called for that day at 5-30 p.m.

II.—WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES.

THE THIRD of a Series of Six LECTURES, being the Wilson Philological Lectures for the year 1885-86, will be delivered in the University Library, on SATURDAY, the 6th February, 1886, at 5-15 p.m.

SUBJECT—*Latin and Greek.*

The Sanskrit Consonants—which of them are original. How they are represented in Greek and Latin respectively.

LECTURER—*R. H. Gunion, B.A.*
The Lectures are open to the Public.
By Order,
PETER PETERSON, D. Sc., University Registrar.
Bombay, 3rd February, 1886.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

PAGE.
1 HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE—LATEST TELEGRAMS.
2 3 HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE—GENERAL SUMMARY.
4 The Military Executions in Burma—The late Mr. C. B. Izon.
5 6 7 TELEGRAMS—The Fatal Riot at Broach.
8 The Rajkumar College, Kattywar.
9 MILITARY
10 General Orders by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief—Departure of the Troopship Jumna—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY—Sir James Fergusson—The Appointment of District and Sessions Judges—The Stranding of the Pachumba—Dissensions in the Beni-Israelite Community.
11 Meeting of the University Senate—Indian Military Expenditure.
12 The Bombay Municipal Bill.
13 The Fatal Affray at Colaba—Alleged Theft at the Post Office—The Alleged Sale of Obscene Pictures—The Alleged Highway Robberies—Mr. Wordsworth on Hindoo Social Reform.
14 The Native Press—CORRESPONDENCE—A Policy of Retrenchment—The Indian National Telegraphic Union—Administration of India by England—SPORTING—The Bombay Hunt—Polo in Bombay.
15 LEADING ARTICLES : The Countess of Dufferin's Fund —The New Boundary Line.
16 LEADING ARTICLES : A Rajah in England—Club Law.
17 LEADING ARTICLES : Russia and the Corea—The New Income-tax.
18 LEADING ARTICLE: The Telegraph Department—Municipal Pension Rules—Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association of Western India—European General Hospital.
19 Bombay Natural History Society—High Court—The Asiatic Society—Afghan Boundary Differences—Trade with Western China. BENGAL.
20 MADRAS AND SOUTHERN INDIA—N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAUB—MISCELLANEOUS—OFFICIAL GAZETTES—Bombay Army Orders—Government of India Orders.
21 Bombay Government Orders—Bengal Government Orders—Punjaub Government Orders.
22 23 COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.
24 SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE—BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS—ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

VINING—February 3, at Bellasis-road, Byculla, the wife of F W J Vining, G I P Railway, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ABBOTT—January 28, at Simla, the wife of Captain H E S Abbott, R E, of a daughter.

BAINBRIDGE—January 26, at Kohat, the wife of Colonel F T Bainbridge, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

NELSON—January 30, at Dum Dum, Charles Herbert Nelson, aged 36 years.

PASSY—February 3, at Dalujal, near Spintangi, Sind Pishin Railway, De Lacy Dayrell Passy, Captain, 4th Madras Pioneers, aged 33 years.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1886.

THE official list of the new Ministry differs from the forecast, chiefly in the distribution of the departments, but two or three noticeable additions are contained in it. The Marquis of Ripon is in the Ministry, and takes the post of First Lord of the Admiralty which was offered to Mr. Chamberlain. Mr. Campbell Bannermann becomes Secretary of State for War. Lord Kimberley, instead of going to the Foreign Office, resumes his place as Secretary of State for India. Sir William V. Harcourt and Mr. Childers appear to have changed places, possibly through a break of the telegraph. The former becomes Chancellor of the Exchequer, though he has neither name nor fame as a financier, while Mr. Childers takes the Home Department. Lord Granville, familiar with the diplomats and the diplomacy of Europe, is transferred to the Colonial Office, while Lord Rosebery goes to the Foreign Office. The younger nobleman will however be accepted as a capable Minister of Foreign Affairs. Sir Farrer Herschell, as was announced, is Lord Chancellor. Mr. John Morley was also rightly designated as the new Chief Secretary for Ireland, an appointment almost as significant as would be that of Mr. Parnell himself to the post. He has strenuously denounced the policy of repression as aggravating all the difficulties of government in Ireland, and he regards Home Rule as a measure necessary to restore peace and concord to the United Kingdom. His appointment to the Chief Secretaryship will probably be regarded by the Irish as an instalment of Home Rule. Lord Northbrook is not in the list as Lord Lieutenant, nor is any one else. Mr. Chamberlain, who refused the Admiralty, has been made President of the Local Government Board with presumably Cabinet rank, though the telegram does not mention the fact. Mr. Mundella and Mr. Trevelyan have seats in the Cabinet, the latter being designated Honorary Secretary for Scotland. Mr. Gladstone himself is First Lord of the Treasury and Premier, leaving the Chancellorship of the Exchequer to Sir W. Harcourt. No doubt the statement of the policy of the new Government will be made to Parliament before we go to press. No hint of its nature appears to have transpired.

THE public will hear with a sense of relief that General Prendergast has issued a general order, putting an end to the free-handed executions which have been the great blot upon the operations in Burma since the middle of December. "The Lieutenant-General Commanding-in-Chief desires it to be clearly understood that no executions are to take place except in the case of criminals sentenced to death by civil officers." This will put an end to a great scandal, and a grave danger. The promiscuous shooting of so-called dacoits was in the opinion of local observers a great, if it was not the sole, cause of the spread of the movement of resistance which has been for a month past organising itself in Upper Burma. It was in too many cases accepted as an axiom that all that was necessary was to shoot out of hand whoever was found under circumstances of suspicion, and thereby establish a terror which would produce the immediate submission of the population. This policy was a mistake. It was not in accordance with the views or intentions of the Viceroy, or the Government of India. It has now been peremptorily stopped by an order issued simultaneously with the departure of Lord Dufferin from Calcutta to proceed to Upper Burma. That the severities which are now at an end were not resorted to by superior order, but were the result of over-zeal and inexperience in warfare is sufficiently shown by the fact that the civil officers have been very discriminating in the infliction of the death penalty. Stories told in Rangoon papers, sometimes with an unpleasant tone of satisfaction, that dacoits have been shot in batches, and in one instance fifty-two were said to have been so killed by order of civil officers, were wholly unfounded.

The political officers were regarded by the military, as is usual in such circumstances, as far too lenient. They required some evidence of actual dacoity with fire-arms, and for simple theft a flogging was inflicted, instead of death. Making prisoners came, therefore, to be regarded as useless, and dacoits were in most cases shot out of hand when taken. This was supposed to be not only the right but the merciful course; it was certainly the least troublesome, for the care of prisoners where there is no prison accommodation is irksome to the soldiers. But it was open to question whether the shooting of men by the dozen or the score, in the belief that they are dacoits, has the soothing and reassuring effect on the villagers that was taken for granted when considering the righteousness of these repressive acts. It was a matter of common observation amongst military men and civilians alike that dacoity was becoming more general and more dangerous in January than it was two or three weeks before, when the shootings and floggings first became so general. The fear of the dacoits throughout the districts has been certainly spreading as time goes on and not diminishing, as it ought to have been if unsparing military executions were the one remedy. Burmese society was broken up by the the sudden disappearance of the old Government, bad as it was, and nothing has replaced it so far as the greater part of the vast area of the country is concerned. Now some twenty-five military stations secure us the line of communication up the great river to Mandalay; but it cannot be even pretended that they hold or occupy the immense regions in the interior, west or east; the villagers are driven by the general anarchy to make incursions against their neighbours, lest they be themselves raided and robbed. The shooting of a dozen dacoits, who are for the most part villagers, is regarded as a misfortune for immediate victims; but it is not a reason at present for abandoning a guerilla war. It is rather a reason for leaving the villages and taking to the jungle, where small detachments of troops cannot go through the thick brushwood. This is what has been actually taking place throughout the country.

Our special correspondent in Upper Burma was very sceptical as to the tranquillizing effect of military executions on the general population, the great part of which is wholly beyond the reach of the small detachments sent out on short expeditions. Experience seems to show that where there is a refuge at hand—mountains as in Afghanistan, deserts as in the Egypt and the Soudan—an excited population will be exasperated rather than intimidated by military executions which cannot reach those who can get out of the way for the moment, and revolve projects of vengeance. Bonaparte, when in military possession of Egypt, had great faith in the efficacy of strong measures. He constantly boasted that he beheaded half-a-dozen "Turks" every morning, as they could best be kept down by severity. And the half-dozen a day were only those slaughtered in the capital; the officers in the country were constantly urged to severity; and as a matter of history they did not need much urging. Bonaparte and his staff were, neither in Egypt nor elsewhere, ever obnoxious to the damning charge of philanthropy or sentimental humanity. But the result was not quite what was expected. The Egyptians, limp and spiritless as they were, kept constantly breaking out in insurrections which harassed the troops, and rendered their position precarious even before the arrival of the English delivering force. Then it was found that the French had not established any hold whatever on the affections of the inhabitants, and the fabric which Bonaparte had hoped to cement with blood disappeared for ever. Some one would do a great service by ascertaining and defining the principles under which terror can be depended upon as a force, and at what point it ceases to intimidate and sets up a reaction. The hanging judges of the past day believed firmly in the repressive influence of the gallows when freely used; but when Bentham and Romilly and other sceptics examined the problem from a utilitarian point of view, it was found that too much rope was a mistake, and merely brutalised judges and criminals alike. A certain amount of severity has its undoubted use, but a little more than a little produces, not submission, but familiarity with the last terrors, and a certain contempt for them. General Skobeleff, whose sagacious mind took a detached view of every military question, held that of the two it was better to slay men, women, and children on the day of battle or storm rather than to resort to executions in cold blood, for the former measure was regarded as the accident of the fight and left no after rancour, while the other system produced a settled malignity in the minds of the subjugated population. Another authority, Shakespeare, declared that "cruelty and lenity never played for a kingdom, but that the gentler gamester proved the winner." Probably the gentler gamester would find time to make up for his deficiency in rigour by rendering the vanquished sensible that it was to their interest to have him to rule over them. It must be difficult to impress upon a population which sees death dealt around daily in their midst, that they are in the hands of friends.

POONA AT THE PLAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 2.

THE large and fashionable assembly that gathered last night at the Soldiers' Institute to witness the second performance of "Alone" and "Cut off with a Shilling" was enough to delude the imaginative into believing that "The inaudible and noiseless foot of Time" had sped fast indeed, bringing back the Poona season five months two early. The exclamation "Can this be Poona *out* of season," might have been heard in various parts of the hall. The fact is the goodly report of the amateurs had gone out, the play was under the patronage of the popular Brigadier Sir John Ross, and last, but let us hope not least, the proceeds were to swell the Bishops' Schools Endowment Fund. Anyhow all Poona came, and all Poona went away well satisfied. An almost unqualified success was the general verdict. The comedy "Alone" has little to recommend it from a literary point of view, and but for the remarkably good acting of several of the amateurs, it would have proved tedious and wearisome. Here is the cast :

Colonel Challice (Blind and alone)	Major Fitzherbert, the K. O. Regt.
Stratton Strawless	Lieut. J. J. Bonomi, the K. O. Regt.
Captain Bertie Cameron (Maud's lover)	Lieut. Norcott, 47th Regt.
Dr. Micklethwait	Captain Hodgkinson, 47th Regt.
Maud Trevor (Colonel Challice's daughter)	Mrs. Hay.
Mrs. Thornton (Most charming of widows)	Mrs. Fanshawe.
Colonel Berners (1st Middlesex Volunteers)	Major Fitzherbert, the K. O. Regt.
Sam Gaythorne (Berner's Nephew)	Capt. Hodgkinson, 47th Regt.
Kitty Gaythorne	Mrs. Hay.

The characters move around Maud Trevor, Colonel Challice's daughter, under an assumed name, separated from her father through the machinations of a jealous school-fellow, and later on brought to her father as a reader of Shakespeare, when grief for his degraded child had resulted in blindness. The confession of the false school-fellow brings about a general falling-in-arms, the father exclaiming with King Lear "As I am a man, I think this lady to be my child Cordelia." Stratton Strawless, as veritable "'Array'" the disagreeable cousin of the blind Colonel, officiously attentive but really ardently longing for his relative's death and anxious to keep away all possible claimants to the pretty property at Torquay, was a difficult and ungrateful part to play. Strawless hasn't a single redeeming point, and contempt for the mean "hanger on" is hardly compatible with admiration of the faithful and consistent rendering of the characters. Mr. Bonomi performed this difficult task with humons and truth. Colonel Challince was admirably personated by Major Fitzherbert. Blindness is an affliction that should hardly be introduced into comedy, and is certainly an affliction most difficult to faithfully imitate—the helplessness, the stolid expression, the suspiciousness of a blind man were all perfectly pourtrayed, so perfectly that it seems ungracious to point out even one defect. In addressing each person the blind Colonel turned suddenly in the direction of each. It is true that the blind hear acutely, but they do not turn as though to "look upon an eye where feeling plays"; the blank before them is too ever-present. Major Fitzherbert's sympathy with the character he pourtrayed was, however, perfect, and consequently his rendering of it true, for as an acknowledged authority on the subject says : "The success of personation must depend upon the vividness of the actor's sympathy." Maud Trevor (Mrs. Hay) and Mrs Thornton (Mrs. Faushaw), the heroines of the play, were both well personated. Mrs. Thornton, aptly described by the blind Colonel as his "sunshiny little friend," was particularly charming. There was sunshine in her voice, in her piquant manner, and fairy form, and her costumes suited to each act must have been designed by Worth himself, they were so a part of the character of the gay little widow. Even the matter-of-fact doctor Micklethwait (Captain Hodgkinson), a character well sustained, could not but admit that he should be sorry if she sent for him less often, though she fancied she had every ailment under the sun. Maud Trevor (Mrs. Hay) carried the sympathy and admiration of the audience with her; but perhaps a less pathetic roll would have become her talents better. She was more charming as Kitty Gaythorne, the bright young bride in the well-known farce "Cut off with a Shilling" than as the unhappy heroine of "Alone." The fainting scene and reconciliation showed much ability. Major Fitzherbert personated the cruel uncle with great humour and individuality. No one who sighed with Colonel Challice in his literal and mental darkness could detect him in the pompous Colonel Berners who cut his nephew "off with shilling" for marrying Kate. No one who winced at his irritability as Challice could recognize the same type in the vain old Colonel of the volunteers. No greater praise can be passed upon an actor than that he not only loses himself in his character, but that each character bears no resemblance to the other, each being a personality, a consistent whole.

The new Assembly Rooms are nearing completion. The building is generally pronounced "ugly," but the appearance outside will not affect the convenience and luxury of the ball room, reading room, library and tennis courts and cricket ground. The first dance came off a few days before the departure of the 4th King's Own Regiment for Quetta, and was given in honour of Colonel Middleton and the other officers who leave so many regretful friends here. The opening night was considered a success on the whole. The dancers had plenty of space, and the many critics had a splendid view of them from the raised dais at the end of the room. No one stepped out of time in a waltz or polka, and no one blundered in a figure of the lancers and escaped unnoticed. A gold old "deportment" would have suffered agonies! Dancing promises to be a lost art! The ball room is certainly a grand one, and the floor, which is on springs, is all that could be wished, but there is a want of warmth caused perhaps by the unfinished state of the walls; gilding will doubtless make a difference, but some amount of colour might do more, to take away the chilliness. Just now "faultily faultless, icily regular, splendidly null," promises to be a fair description of the great Poona ball room.

An anniversary fair organized by the "Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association" of Western India is to be opened on the 4th instant, and the programme of events promises a truly gala day for the juveniles The Association is one of those admirable schemes for "self-help" which should be warmly encouraged. And I hear that Colonel La Touche, the Cantonment Magistrate, and the senior Chaplain, Mr. Cane, look upon the Society as a valuable one, and will speak at the opening of the fair.

THE PROPOSED UNIVERSITY GRACE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The public ought to be grateful to you for giving a short and concise account of the debate in your to-day's paper, instead of dilating upon the merits of the case, against common sense and reason, as has been done by one of your contemporaries. At the same time you will allow me to say that the sum total of the arguments advanced by the warmest supporters of the candidate upon his merits simply comes to *nil*. The learned mover of the proposition himself is obliged to admit that the case of this candidate was certainly *not* one of conspicuous ability, and he thereupon is obliged to fall back upon the very meagre support of the candidate having shown pluck in going to England. Showing pluck! showing fiddlesticks, Sir! It is simply surprising to hear a man of the learning, culture, understanding and mental calibre of the learned Professor talk of "pluck." Why, if this argument had been advanced in case of an orthodox Hindu to whom the crossing of the *Kala pani* is tantamount to risking his eternal happiness, some weight at least could have been attached to it. In this case it was simply trifling with the common sense and intelligence of his hearers. Given a round sum of rupees an average Parsee boy, there would be no dearth of pluck at least in Bombay. The learned Principal had in fact no case, and he did wise in thus very briefly prefacing his proposition with the only merit (so called) of the object of his grace having appeared for (not passed) the C.S. examination.

The seconder of the proposition has the courage to advance that failure in C. S. examination is no test of the ability of a man. Pray, Sir, then what is a test? Is his passing the examination one? If his failure is no test, well and good. Let him undergo fresh tests and prove his mediocre, if not conspicuous abilities, because of the latter, in the words of his proposer, he has none. Perhaps the proper tests of the candidate's abilities, to the minds of his supporters, are the reports, which one of the speakers at yesterday's meeting said he had heard from Messrs. Wren and Gurney. I think these reports should be the last things for the Senate to take cognisance of, having been made, as it is alleged they are, by persons who very likely coached up the candidate and as such were men paid by him and prejudiced in his favour.

It is very satisfactory for the graduates to learn that that their case was supported by men of intelligence and independence, who did not allow their reason to be warped by misdirected sympathy.

It is no small honor to the graduates that their caused, which was nothing but the cause of reason, justice, and fair-dealing was espoused by men of such distinguished ability and independence as the Hon. the Advocate-General, Messrs. Jardine, Fox and Starling and others who could not in all conscience sit silent and with open eyes allow the rights of the graduates to be ruthlessly trampled upon. It is no small honor that the professors of various colleges, with very few exceptions, have, with their active co-operation, strengthened the hands of the opponents of this very unjust measure. Intellect and learning were on their side to an overwhelming extent, but unfortunately quantity was to carry the day and not quality. The other party must certainly thank their whip, whoever he might be, for his grand success in whipping in fellows, who have not and are not likely hereafter to see the interior of the University Hall. It mut be a lame cause indeed that compels one to summons special assistance outside the limits of Bombay.

They are talking too much, sir, of the abilities of a plucked C.S. A plucked C.S., they say, is fit to be admitted to the M.A. examination. Because he has been to England, he has pluck, he has culture, what not. It was only yesterday, sir, that I came to know of an instance of a plucked Parsee Civilian, who, on his return to India, studied at a college, appeared for the F.E.A. examination, and—got plucked. What do you think of that, sir?

J. P.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is urged in defence of the plucked C. S. candidate getting such ridiculously low marks in chemistry as 11 out of a maximum of 500 that the figure would have been high had not the C. S. Commissioners deducted some out of the number he obtained. This, in fact, is no defence, as the Commissioners have power to do so where they have reason to suppose that the candidate is a "mere smatterer." Regulation 6 of the regulations for conducting the C. S. Examination published in the First Part of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, for 1884, Oct. 23, at page 857, distinctly provides :—

"6. The marks assigned to candidates in each branch will be subject to such deduction as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary, in order to secure that a candidate be allowed no credit at all for taking up a subject in which he is a mere smatterer."

A. B.

Feb. 4.

III.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In order to give a fair chance to those who, after having matriculated, have not been able, by unavoidable circumstances to fill up their terms to pass the P. E. and B. A. examinations, but have privately acquired sufficient knowledge to submit themselves to the examination for the degree of M. A. the granting of a University grace would be just and proper. Some may argue that a candidate preparing for the M. A. examination, is required to make up only one special subject, and so he can save the trouble, if it can be called a trouble, of preparing divers other subjects. In such case the best course would be for such a candidate to be examined in the subjects, as a sort of preliminary examination, by a principal of any Arts' College, and if he received permission from such an authority, he might be allowed to sit in the said examination.

G. J. M.

IV.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The seconder of the proposition for special grace moved at the metting of the Senate on Tuesday last, when he could not and dared not deny that active canvassing on behalf of the candidate was carried on some days prior to the day of the meeting, shelved the question altogether, and took refuge in the very stale argument of Mr. Kabraji, senior, having made many enemies in his career as a publicist, and attributed the opposition to this animosity which at best is a mere creature of Mr. Meheta's imagination. I wish Mr. Meheta had refrained from making this a party question. What have the distinguished counsel, the learned professors, and other independent gentlemen who have combined in opposing this proposition *on principle* and the large number of graduates residing in Bombay and other mofussil stations (Poona, Baroda, Ahmedabad etc., who have protested against the passing of it, to do with Mr. Kabraji as an individual? It is extremely unfortunate that the individuality of the person most interested in the passing of this proposition should be mixed up with the highly important principle under consideration. Will Mr. Meheta kindly explain how Mr. Kabraji, as a journalist, has offended all these gentlemen to induce them to oppose this proposition. Mr. Meheta would have been right to some extent had it been opposed by some Setnias or some orthodox persons or some anti-reformers. But here the proposition is opposed with might and main by a set of men whose intelligence, culture, and learning in themselves are sufficient guarantees against their being actuated by any ignoble motive. It would have been more advisable had the seconder of the proposition kept his own counsel, if he had no better grounds to support his cause. Trying to throw dirt at others would not in any way strengthen it. He would have been far more justified if he had asserted instead that the amendment was lost only because the proposed candidate was Mr. Kabraji's son. Had he been some one else, there would not have been, in true faith, so many persons coming forward to support, with what motives I cannot say, this proposition, which has no other merit but that it is moved by Principal Wordsworth. I am certain that in case of any other candidate, so many votes could not have been canvassed and the opposition would have been strengthened by a very large majority.

You will be conferring a great favour on me and those of my brother graduates who are against the proposed grace by allowing me to encroach once more on your valuable space,

Febry. 4

M. K.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE NEW CABINET.

OFFICIAL LIST.

LONDON, FEB. 4.

It is officially announced that a new Cabinet has been formed, being composed as follows :—

The Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, First Lord of the Treasury and Premier.

Sir Farrar Herschell, Lord High Chancellor.

Earl Spencer, President of the Privy Council.

Earl Granville Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Earl of Rosebery, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

The Right Hon. H. Childers, Secretary of State, Home Department.

Earl of Kimberley, Secretary of State for India.

Mr. Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Secretary of State for War.

Sir W. V. Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Marquis of Ripon, First Lord of the Admiralty.

Mr. John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland.

The appointments of Privy Seal and Postmaster-General have not yet been filled up.

The Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain has been appointed President of the Local Government Board.

The Right Hon. A. J. Mundella has been appointed President of the Board of Trade.

Mr. Charles Russell has been appointed Attorney-General.

The Right Hon. G. O. Trevelyan has been appointed Honorary Secretary for Scotland.

The Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, President of the Board of Trade, and the Right Hon. G. O. Trevelyan, Honorary Secretary for Scotland, will both have a seat in the Cabinet.

THE DACOITS IN BURMAH.

SERIOUS FIGHTING.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

MANDALAY, FEB. 3.

The troops now occupy twenty-six posts, and two columns are marching against two bodies of dacoits at Mandalay outside the walls. On the night of the 2nd inst. over sixty shots were fired, but nobody was hit.

At Moo, on the river, eighteen miles off Shwayho on January 27, Major Williamson, Commanding the Welsh Fusiliers, attacked and dispersed a large body of rebels under Prince Moung Hmat and the dacoit chief, Hla Oo. The men fell in as they were, routed the enemy, killed several, and captured a brass gun, a standard, a number of arms, spears, and daos. There were no casualties on our side.

Hlay Thin, Atwin Woon, is out on the Sagaing side and strange rumours are afloat as to his proceedings.

General Prendergast returns to Mandalay on February 5.

Lieutenant Harris, commanding a detachment at Samikekyun on January 29, attacked a party of dacoits, who held a strong position on the right bank of the river. Major Williamson attacked them with artillery and infantry fire from the left bank, and then fording the river drove them out of their entrenchment. The enemy's loss was 53 killed.

The column returned to camp at a village two miles east and was at once attacked by another body of rebels from the north, who had entrenched themselves in a pagoda eight miles away to the east. We drove the enemy out, killing ten and capturing two guns. Our loss was one man of the Liverpool Regiment wounded.

THE MILITARY EXECUTIONS.

DIVISIONAL ORDER, BY THE LIEUTENANT-GENERAL COMMANDING.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MANDALAY, FEB. 4.

The following is a verbatim extract from the divisional orders of February 3rd :—

"With reference to divisional order No. 17, of the 28th January, 1886, the Lieutenant-General Commanding desires it to be clearly understood that no executions are to take place, except in the case of criminals sentenced to death by civil officers."

THE VICEROY'S VISIT TO BURMAH.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 4.

General Prendergast and staff, who reached Thayetmyo on inspection duty on Monday evening, returned on Tuesday morning to Mandalay to await the Viceroy.

It is officially notified that the Viceroy will receive representatives of the Burmese and other native communities at a Durbar at Government House on the afternoon of Tuesday, the 24th inst., when addresses and memorials will be received, of which copies must reach the Secretariat to-day. The reception of the Karen Christian communities, with representatives from the boys' and girls' schools, takes place on the same afternoon at Government House grounds.

The squadron conveying the Viceroy to Mandalay consists of the Flotilla steamer Mindoon, gorgeously fitted up, and another Flotilla steamer. Two steam launches, which will patrol round the Mindoon at nights, will be manned by blue-jackets. The Sir William Peel, with an escort of 100 rifles, acts as a pilot vessel.

Several experienced telegraph signallers have been ordered to Mandalay on special duty in case of interruption of communication. The *Rangoon Gazette's* Mandalay correspondent wires that attempted dacoity in the Chinese quarter occured on Tuesday night. The police, instead of endeavouring to capture the dacoits, contented themselves by firing about sixty shots from the tannah. A serjeant and three constables are under arrest, awaiting trial for misconduct. The *Gazette* attributes the dacoity to the fact of Major Adamson being on tour in the Mandalay district, where he reports all to be quiet. Successful attacks on dacoits are reported from Sagine, Ava and Myohla. Everywhere they lost heavily in killed and wounded; our casualties were a few wounded. Ten Mounted Infantry followed one batch two miles, capturing many ponies and carts laden with loot. Guns, muskets, and golden umbrellas, were also captured.

A special meeting of the Viceroy Reception Committee is advertised for this afternoon. It is rumoured that some members intend resigning, consequent on Mr. Bernard only allowing the Burmese to present a memorial to the Viceroy along the line of route.

Incessant rain has retarded the decoration of the arches and spoiled the appearance of some decorations which were nearly completed. If it clears to-morrow these will be rapidly renewed and the absence of dust on the line of route will partly compensate for the extra trouble and expense.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

THE POWERS AND GREECE.

ATHENS, FEB. 3.

The British Mediterranean squadron, the Austrian and an Italian squadron have arrived at Suda Bay.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

PORT SAID, FEB. 3.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Manora, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, left here his morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4⅛

The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper	73⅛
4½ " "	75⅛
3 " Consols for account	100⅛
3½ " Sterling loan	100⅜
4½ " French Rentes	109⅜
Bar Silver	46⅝

The sum of about £100,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(FEBRUARY 3.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

AT the High Court yesterday, in the case of the Empress *vs.* Bhaghi, woman, in which a reference was made by Mr. H. J. Parsons, Sessions Judge of Tanna, Mr. Justice Birdwood and Mr. Justice Jardine had a difficult question to decide, namely whether the unanimous verdict of the jury or the opinion of the Sessions Judge was to prevail. The only evidence against the prisoner was that contained in her retracted confessions, in which she said that, by desire of Ballia Dindia—who was charged with abetting the offence, but was found by the jury not guilty, under the direction of the Sessions Judge—and under compulsion of his threats of beating her, she placed the contents of a packet which he gave her into the dish of fish which she had prepared for her husband, and after eating which he died. She added that Ballia had been at enmity with her husband, and that he warned her not to eat the fish herself, and had provided other fish for her own meal. At the trial in the Sessions Court, she said she had been beaten by the police, who had told her to say that Ballia had given her the poison, and that the "Sarkar would let her go." This allegation was not enquired into by the Sessions Judge, who directed the jury to acquit Ballia, as the confession of Bhaghi was not admissible as evidence against him. The jury unanimously returned a verdict of not guilty as regarded Bhaghi. But the Sessions Judge declined to accept it, as contrary to the evidence and her own twice-repeated confessions. He considered the charge of murder was proved and referred the case to the High Court. Their Lordships were of opinion that it was clearly incumbent on the Sessions Judge to make some enquiry into the truth of Bhaghi's allegations, especially as it appears from the present case and other cases which had come before their Lordships that juries sometimes give less weight to duly recorded confessions, subsequently retracted, than the Sessions Judge is inclined to give. The duty of Courts of Session in such cases was prescribed by Sir M. R. Westropp in Regina *vs* Kassinath Dinkar, 8 Bombay High Court Reports, 138; and their Lordships were of opinion that, in the present case, even at this stage of it, an enquiry such as Sir M. R. Westropp considered to be generally necessary should be made by the Sessions Judge. Mr. Parsons was therefore directed to make further enquiry upon points indicated, take additional evidence, and certify the same to the High Court within one month.

WE understand that in addition to the prizes offered for competition at the forthcoming Regatta of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club advertised in our paper of yesterday, Mr. T. C. Glover has presented a massive silver cup to be competed, for by the Yachts of the Club in a special handicap race on an extra day. As the results of previous handicaps which will have been run will be known, the run may be expected to be one of the most closely contested and most interesting in the Regatta.

THE only business that will be brought forward at the meeting of the Legislative Council on Monday is a bill to remove certain doubts in regard to the Bombay Municipal Elections.

MR. [illegible] HARVEY, Assistant Collector, has been a[illegible] to be a magistrate of the first class in th[illegible] Ahmednugger.

MR. G. DRUITT has been appointed to act as judge and sessions judge of Khandesh during the absence of Mr. Hosking. Mr. Druitt takes up the appointment on Mr. Tagore's return from leave.

MR. C. G. W. MACPHERSON, C. I. E., has been appointed to act as judge and sessions judge of Nassick during the absence of Mr. Baker.

MR. S. JACOB has been appointed to do duty as assistant judge and sessions judge at Satara until further orders.

MR. J. M. MACPHERSON has received charge of the office of Medical Commissioner in Sind and judge of the Sadar Court in that Province from Colonel G. C. Grant.

MR. A. W. CAWLEY BOEVEY, has been appointed to Act as Collector and Magistrate of Broach during the absence of Mr. T. D. Mackenzie, after completing the special duty on which he is at present employed in the Baroda State

MR. T. H. STEWART, C.S., Survey Settlement Commissioner, and Mr. R. B. Pitt, Assistant Superintendent, Poona and Nasik Survey, have been allowed two months' privilege leave.

FURLOUGH for one year has been allowed to Mr. R. M. Kennedy, C. S., Assistant Collector, Kaira, and for twenty months to Mr. S. W. Tyndall, head assistant collector, Hyderabad district.

MR. C. T. BURKE, R. E., M. I. C. E., has been appointed to be Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, in succession to Mr. W. J. B. Clerke, whose services have been lent to the Bombay Municipality.

THE following appointments and transfers in the Public Works Department are notified :—Mr. C. N. Clifton to act as Executive Engineer, Kaira; Mr. C. Brereton to act as Executive Engineer, Dharwar; and Captain W. J. Lister, R.E., to be Executive Engineer, Kanara.

THE *Bombay Government Gazette* notifies the appointment of Colonel J. W. Watson to be political agent and collector of stamp revenue, Kattywar, in succession to the late Lieutenant Colonel E. W. West.

The following appointments have taken place in consequence of Colonel Boulton having reverted to military employ :—Lieutenant-Colonel R. J. Crawford, S. C., to be Collector and Magistrate of Kurrachee *vice* Colonel Boulton; Major Mayhew to be Collector and Magistrate of Shikarpore *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Crawford; Mr. R. Giles to be deputy Commissioner and district registrar, Upper Sind Frontier, *vice* Major Mayhew; Mr. S. W. Edgerley, C.S., to be second Assistant Collector in Sind *vice* Mr. Giles; and Mr. D. Mackenzie, to be third Assistant Collector *vice* Mr. Edgerley.

THE *Government Gazette* contains a series of revised rules regarding the erection and repair of stone monuments. A drawing of a proposed monument, with a copy of the inscription, should be submitted to the Archdeacon, who, if he approves of it, will forward it to the executive engineer of the district for an estimate of the average annual sum which will be required to keep it in repair. The endowment is intended to cover the cost of ordinary annual maintenance and repairs, and not the risk of accidents due to floods or other natural causes. Government does not undertake the repair of fragile or costly work liable to be broken. The archdeacon will grant permission for the erection of the monument as soon as he has been informed by the chaplain that the capital sufficient to provide for repairs has been paid to him in Government stock notes.

THE *Government Gazette* notifies the appointment of Mr. Henry Jeffrey Miles to be Deputy Sheriff of Bombay, *vice* Mr. Van [illegible]er Straaten transferred.

THE [illegible]ary of the Bomba[illegible] the week ending th[illegible] in parts of Shikarpur. Reaping of rabi crops [illegible] in parts of Poona and Broach. Standing crops withering from want of moisture in part of Khandesh and Upper Sind Frontier, and injured by blight in parts of Poona, Nasik, Khandesh, Dharwar and Belgaum; by blight and insects in parts of Sholapur and Bijapur, and by cloudy weather in parts of Ahmednagar and Satara. Scarcity of fodder in one taluka of Khandesh. Fever and cattle-disease in parts of ten and small-pox in parts of four districts.

MR Ney Elias has made a most successful journey of exploration from Yarkand down the Upper Oxus, through Shignan and Roshan to Badakshan. He is said to have been everywhere well received and well treated.

During the late floods in the Bolan there were no less than fifteen breaks within five miles of Mach. The breaks, however, were mended and work going on as usual within a week.

THE Government of India have issued orders for the building of barracks for another British infantry regiment and mountain battery at Quetta, the iron-work for which has already been ordered from England. The work is to be begun early in the spring.

IT is calculated that three thousand Goorkha recruits will be obtained by the end of the current recruiting season. This number will suffice to raise the existing regiments to their full strength, and to give a second battalion to the 1st and 2nd Goorkhas respectively.

THE detailed scheme for the transfer of the Punjab Force to the Commander-in-Chief is now with the Punjab Government, and on their report being received orders will issue for this very desirable reform.

IT is stated that Mr. Charles Elliott has been asked to serve on the forthcoming Finance Committee.

COLONEL LOCKHART's return from the borders of Eastern Kafiristan would seem to be mainly due to disturbances in the interior, where some clans have quarrelled and taken up arms against each other. When the country is quiet again exploration will be an easier matter. Meanwhile Colonel Lockhart, south of the Hindu Kush, is doing work similar to Mr. Ney Elias on the north.

HIS HIGHNESS THE NIZAM is not yet able to leave his room, as he is still weak. Dr. Laurie advised a change again and it is not unlikely tha His Highness will go to the Neilgherries shortly.

HIS HIGHNESS THE GAEKWAR OF BARODA has sent a donation of one thousand rupees to the Anjuman-i-Islam, Ahmedabad.

CAPTAIN TAYLOR, Master Attendant at Madras, lately suggested to the local Government the advisability of erecting a light on the Tripasore reef near the Seven Pagodas, to warn vessels of the dangerous shoal there. The Government has approved of the suggestion, and Captain Taylor has been directed to visit the spot for the purpose of selecting the most suitable site for the light, and to prepare the estimates. As there are several high rocks near the reef, the light will probably be constructed on the top of one of these, so as to save the expense of building a high tower.

IT is seldom that the season manages to accommodate itself exactly to the wants of the agriculturists, but with reference to the coming spring harvest it would really seem, the Allahabad paper says, that in the North-West Provinces at least, the farmers could not have asked for better weather than Providence has given them. The timely rain of mid-December was of untold benefit. Every living seed has germinated by it, young plants were brought on, white-ants washed away, the need for irrigation suspended. In a word, it is reported of the wheat oilseed crops that they "leave nothing to be desired." The export trade revival of 1885 ought thus to be followed this year by a great stride forward.

THE Allahabad paper has been at some trouble to ascertain the precise circumstances under which the post of British Resident at Mandalay was abolished. Mr. Shaw, the Resident at Mandalay, died on the 15th of June 1879, and Colonel Horace Brown, Commissioner of Pegu, was appointed to take over charge of the Residency, and arrived on the 22nd. On the 29th August he made over charge to Mr. St. Barbe, the Political Agent at Bhamo, and resumed his duties in the lower province. "On his return to Rangoon, however, it is no secret that he wrote direct to the Indian Foreign Office that he considered the position of our officials at Mandalay to be one of imminent peril, and that their speedy removal was advisable. The Acting Resident, on the question being referred to him, differed entirely from Colonel Browne. He pointed out that the tension occasioned by Mr. Shaw's bold measure of protecting the refugee princes had more or less completely subsided, and that it was from every point of view better to remain than to retire. His viewe were accepted, and things continued *in statu quo* till the news of the Cavagnari massacre arrived on the 15th of September. Special intelligence was sent to Mr. St. Barbe, and again he earnestly deprecated his removal This time, however, the Government of India were determined, and orders were sent to the Chief Commissioner on the 19th of September to have the Resident and his staff withdrawn at once. Sir Charles Aitchison telegraphed on to Mandalay, but being well aware of Mr. St Barbe's reluctance to leave, he wound up his message with the intimation that the instructions were peremptory and left no discretion to remain. Notwithstanding this urgency, the Resident, on his own responsibility, sent up a special steamer to Bhamo to give the Europeans there an opportunity of leaving and postponed his departure till it could return. It was not till the 6th of October that he left the capital. It may be suspected that the letter of thanks he received from the Viceroy only partially compensated for the unmerited taunts that have been levelled at him ever since.

So much has been written about the acclimatisation of the date palm in various parts of India that it will be surprising to many people to learn that the date forms in a certain district of the Punjab (Mazffrgarh) one of the staple foods of the agricultural population. In the "Doab," between the Indus and the Chenab, where the rainfall is less than 6 inches in the year, the date has found a congenial home. In an interesting Report by Mr. O'Brien, C. S, on the settlement of the Mazffrgarh district, it is recorded that "the people eat dates for four months in the year. They eat them at their meals and at all times of the day and night besides. Poor people subsist on dates altogether during the season. In the south of the district they (the dates, not the people) are pounded, mixed with flour and made into bread. Dates are sometimes mixed with tobacco and smoked. People eat dates till they are surfeited, and then chew a raw onion and begin eating again." There are nearly half a million fruit-bearing date trees in a district of as many acres.

THE Indian Telegraph Department maintained at the close of the last official year 74,973 miles of wire and 142 miles of cable for the following respective purposes :—Imperial lines, 47,055 miles of wire and 133 miles of cable; provincial lines, 168; native states, 67; railway systems 26,440; canal systems, 537; and private lines, 686.

THE MIKADO.

MR. FRAMJEE C. MEHTA deserves the thanks of playgoers for his enterprise. During the last few weeks he has placed before them some of the most popular productions in the department of drama and comedy. But his efforts in this direction will, judging from the extensive scale on which the preparations are being made, be eclipsed by the representation of the Mikado, the latest of the Gilbert and Sullivan series of comic operas, on Saturday evening. In the Mikado the gifted *collaborateurs* have struck an entirely new vein and the result, as shown by the popularity which the comedy has achieved at home, has been eminently successful; and there is little doubt that if the clever actors and actresses forming the Gaiety Company have mastered their several parts, the success of the opera will be duplicated in Bombay. All the dresses and scenery, we understand, have been made specially for Saturday night's performance. The company will be supported by a number of amateurs, who will take part in a chorus of school-girls, nobles, guards, &c. The following is the caste :—

The Mikado of Japan		Mr. Geo. Anderson.
Nanki-poo	(His son, disguised as a wandering minstrel, and in love with Yum-Yum)	Mr. H. Wood.
Ko-Ko	(Lord High Executioner of Titipu)	" J. Devon.
Pooh-Bah	(Lord High Everything Else)	" D. C. Smith.
Pish-Tush	(A Noble Lord)	" C. Vane.
Yum-Yum	Three Sisters—Wards of Ko-ko	Miss Emma Markham.
Pitti-Sing		Miss Lura Vernen
Peep-Bo		" May Anderson
Katisha	(An elderly Lady, in love with Nanki-Poo)	Mrs. Geo Norville

MILITARY NEWS.

THE departure of Deputy Surgeon-General Bruce, Bo. M. D., which was published in our yesterday's issue, for Deesa, was for Deolali and not for Deesa.

SURGEON C. R. KILKELLY has been brought on the strength of the British force in the Bombay command.

LIEUTENANT STANLEY MALCOLM EDWARDS, 1st Battalion, North Lancashire Regiment, has been appointed a probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps.

LIEUTENANT W. M. JOHNSTONE, of the Sind Volunteers, has resigned his commission.

MR. H. C. BAGGALLAY has been appointed to be a Major in the Bombay Volunteer Corps.

COLONEL STACK, Bombay Cavalry, has been permitted to reside in England.

THE services of Colonel C. F. Boulton, Bombay Staff Corps, have been replaced at the disposal of the Provincial Commander-in-Chief.

MAJOR J. R. HODGSON, S. C., has been permitted to return to duty.

CAPTAIN W. A. WETHERALL, Bo. S. C., having completed 20 years' service, six of which have been in the Staff Corps, has been promoted to a Majority.

CAPTAIN DEAN-PITT, R. A., has been appointed to succeed Major Mellis as Assistant Quartermaster-General. The tenure of Captain Dean-Pitt's service on the staff commenced from Nov. 1, 1882, the date on which he was first appointed to be Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General. Captain A. W. L. Bayly, S.C., 21st Bombay Infantry, has succeeded Captain Dean-Pitt as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL ANNESLEY'S tenure of appointment as Adjutant-General, has been extended until April 1.

Major-General Watson, V.C., C.B., became entitled to the Colonel's allowance from the 3rd instant.

THE following are the qualifications necessary for certain appointments to the General Staff of the Army in India :—

I.—Qualifications for the appointments of Ajutant-General and Quartermaster-General in India and of Ajutant-General and Quartermaster-General, Madras and Bombay :—

(*a*) Five years' service in India in any rank; but two years of this period must be comprised in the nine years of an officer's service immediately preceding his appointment.

(*b*) The Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani.

II.—Qualifications for a Brigade Command :—

(*a*) Five years' service in India in any rank, and the language test.

(*b*) Five years' service in India as a regimental field-officer without the language tests, provided one-half of this period has been passed in command of a regiment of cavalry, battalion of Infantry, or battery of Artillery.

III.—Qualifications for Deputy Adjutant-General and Assistant Adjutant-General, Royal Artillery, and Deputy Quartermaster-General, Intelligence Branch :—

(*a*) Three years' service in India as a regimental field-officer.

(*b*) No language test.

The five years' service in India necessary for the appointment of Adjutant-General and Quartermaster-General, and for a Brigade Command, is reduced to three years in the case of a regimental field-officer who has commanded a regiment or battery, or has served on the staff as a field officer, during a campaign in India, provided that a medal was granted for such campaign, or that the officer was honourably mentioned in despatches. No officer of the British Army is eligible for any of the above appointments or commands who has been more than seven years absent from India prior to nomination.

THE Mackenzie equipment is to be introduced gradually into the Bengal, Punjab, and Madras Cavalry regiments as existing articles require replacing. Sealed patterns of the equipment will be supplied to each regiment of Bengal and Punjab Cavalry by the Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore, to guide in the manufacture of new equipments under regimental arrangements. Detailed instructions for the fitting and wearing, with description of the equipment, will be issued from the Adjutant General's Office.

WITH the sanction of the Secretary of State for India, the provisions of clause 7 of G. G. O. No. 209 of 1882, have been extended to officers of Indian cadres of Royal Engineers who vacate the command of the Sappers and Miners in the three Presidencies, under that General Order, provided suitable employment cannot be found for them. On promotion to the rank of Major-General they will cease to be under the terms of the Order.

THE question of Volunteer precedence raised in the Calcutta Volunteer Rifles has been decided in the favour of the Volunteer, and the following has been added to para. 59, Volunteer Regulations :—

"During the absence on leave of the Commandant of a Volunteer Corps the senior Volunteer officer present with the Corps will assume command."

And under para. 113, the last sentence has been substituted by the following :—

"He will never assume the command of the Corps, except for purposes of instruction, or when there is no officer senior to himself on parade.

IT has been decided by the Secretary of State for India that, when an officer of the British service is promoted from one battalion of a regiment in India to another under orders for India, and is detained in India under competent authority pending the arrival of the latter, he is entitled to the full pay and Indian allowance of his advanced rank for the period of such detention,

THE working pay of native officers and of British and native non-commissioned officers in charge of Regimental Transport, has been published in India Army circulars :—

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

British	8	annas per diem.
Native	2	

When it is found absolutely necessary to place native officers in charge of Regimental Transport owing to there being no British officers available for the duty they will receive the following allowances :—

Subadar or other corresponding rank	8	Annas per diem.
Jemadars	6	

THE pay of the Commissary-General-in-Chief has been fixed at Rs. 2,500 a month.

IT has been decided that officers proceeding on privilege leave may have an advance of pay to the end of the month, but officers proceeding on temporary or station leave will not be allowed any advance.

IT has been ordered that in future an officer of the Indian Medical Service, who may be transferred from regimental duty to officiate in civil employ, must return to his regiment after three years' absence, or be permanently struck off its strength.

A NEW pattern knee-boot, with laced instep, for wear by British mounted forces in India, will be issued by the Army Clothing Department in future. Future issues of spurs for these bootn will have the new pattern broad strap. The narrow strap now in use will have a sliding tab which can be made up regimentally and for which four annas per pair will be allowed.

THE L Battery, 4th Brigade, Royal Artillery, expects to arrive at Ferozepore on the 20th instant.

HONORARY CAPTAIN J. G. C. ROBOTHAM, Army Pay Department, Pay Master, 1st Battalion, the East Lancashire Regiment, is about to proceed on leave.

THE E Battery, A Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, expects to return to Lucknow on the 24th February.

COLONEL G. C. DE PALEZIEUX FALCONNET, Royal Engineers, is stated to be about to resign the service.

THE Calcutta Volunteer Rifles paraded with the troops in garrison for the inspection of Sir Fred. Roberts, on the 1st February.

A CLASS for the instruction of Master Tailors is to be formed at Madras on the 1st April next.

LIEUTENANT J. W. PRIESTLEY, East Yorkshire Regiment, Wing Officer, 21st Regiment Madras Infantry, on probation, having exceeded six months' leave out of India, has ceased to be a probationer for the Staff Corps.

LIEUTENANT C. W. WILKINSON, the Cheshire Regiment, has been appointed a Probationer for the Madras Staff Corps, and appointed Officiating Wing Officer on probation, to the 13th Madras Infantry.

SURGEON M. E. FITZGERALD, Medical Staff, has resigned his commission.

MAJOR W. H. HALLETT, Madras Staff Corps, has been appointed Deputy Judge Advocate-General, *vice* Colonel W. Hands proceeded on furlough.

CAPTAIN H. A. D. CURTIS, Royal Artillery, has been placed temporarily in command of No. 6 Battery, 1st Brigade, Southern Division, Royal Artillery.

LIEUTENANT C. F. T. MURRAY, South Staffordshire Regiment, has been posted to the Bombay Presidency as a probationer for the Staff Corps.

CAPTAIN J. J. HEWSON, Royal Artillery, has been placed in temporary command of No. 3 (Mountain) Battery, 1st Brigade, South Irish Division, and Lieutenant L. Forde has been ordered to do duty therewith.

UNDER instructions from Army Headquarters, Lieutenant-Colonel W. E. Lockhart, Royal Artillery, Thayetmyo, has been appointed to command the Royal Artillery at Ferozpore, and directed to join his appointment.

CAPTAIN J. F. WORLLEDGE, Bengal Staff Corps, and Lieutenant C. V. W. Williamson, Bengal Staff Corps, have passed the examination for High Proficiency in Persian.

THE following officers have been granted leave to England on private affairs, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—Lieutenant C. G. Barton, 2nd Battalion, Royal Lancaster Regiment; Lieutenant A. O. White, 2nd Battalion, The Cameronians, and Lieutenant H. L. Rokeby, 1st Battalion, Rifle Brigade, for 15 months; and Lieutenant W. L. Vane, 1st Durham Light Infantry for 12 months.

CAPTAIN A. D. EURIQUEZ, Bengal Staff Corps, has passed the High Proficiency test in Urdu.

TEN days after vacating the command of the Marri Convalescent Depot, Lieutenant-Colonel Spencer Field will receive the command of the 2nd battalion of his regiment, the Warwickshire, in succession to Colonel Hole, who vacates as time-expired. Colonel Field has only two years to serve as a regimental Lieutenant-Colonel. He entered the 49th Foot 31 years ago, leaving it in 1857 for the 9th Foot, in which he remained till April 1864, when he exchanged into his present regiment. Major Wilson obtained his Lieutenant-Colonelcy with a little over 28 years' service, all of which he has passed in the 6th Regiment, with which he served in the Black Mountain campaign of 1868. He also served with the Sikkim expedition of of 1861. The 1st Battalion of this regiment does not become vacant till April of next year, when the command goes to Lieutenant Colonel J. G. Cockburn, an officer who was well-known in this country some years ago, when with that battalion. Major J. Fitzgerald, who has been Adjutant of a couple of Hill Depots, at the same time obtains his Lieutenant-Colonelcy.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE following are the scores made in Match IX:—
Messrs. Watson & Co.'s Prize, this day, Thursday, the 4th February, 1886.

"THE LADIES."

Match VII.—Officer's Match, fired at Poona, on the 3rd February, 1886 :—

	100	300	Total.
Lieut. Morgan	24	18	42.

The following are the scores made in Match VIII :—
Mr. Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy's Prize, this day, Thursday, the 4th February, 1886.

	200	500	Total.
Lieut. H. Black	32	34	66
Vol. J. A. Mckinnon	30	35	65
Sergt. W. Boylett	32	33	65
Vol. W. Watkins	30	34	64
Corpl. S. Myer	31	32	63
Vol. C. J. Hall	32	31	63
Vol. J. W. Gordon	29	33	62
Vol. L. Crowley	33	29	62
Vol. W. Stephens	31	30	61
Lc.-Corpl. W. Lane	29	32	61
Capt. Brown	33	27	60
Color-Sergt. W. F. Melvin	29	31	59
Sergt. D. J. Sharp	29	29	58
Lieut. F. C. Brewin	29	29	58
Lc.-Corpl. T. Thomas	30	28	58
Lieut. Lund	26	31	57
Vol. R. Gilbert	26	30	56
Vol. H. Kelly	26	31	57
Vol. Devlin	26	27	53
Color-Sergt. Ellis	23	29	52
Vol. J. Pell	23	18	46

	Dist.	Total.
Vol. G. B. Stacey	700	47
Vol. C. J. Hall	700	45
Capt. Brown	700	45
Vol. W. Stephens	700	45
Vol. Dolton	700	45
Vol. W. Watkins	700	44
Lc.-Corpl. W. Lane	700	42
Sergt. H. Black	700	42
Sergt. Boylett	700	41
Vol. L. Crowley	700	39
Vol. R. Gilbert	700	39
Lc.-Corpl. T. Thomas	700	38
Color.-Sergt. W. Melvin	700	37
Sergt. D. J. Sharp	700	36
Vol. H. Kelly	700	32
Vol. J. W. Gordon	700	29
Lieut. F. C. Brewin	700	28

THE BOMBAY HUNT.

ALTHOUGH the morning was bitterly cold a field of about twenty turned up at the meet of the Bombay Foxhounds yesterday at the Rifle Butts at Bandora, and enjoyed an excellent morning's sport. The hounds got on the line of a Jack on the melon ground and took us the whole length of it at a good pace, over Kaleena Hill with its nice little stone walls, and on towards the Coorla back water, before reaching which he turned and brought us back again over very nice country to the melon ground, on the borders of which he was run into and broken up. The run lasted forty-five minutes and was fairly fast throughout, and although perhaps we had rather more of the melon ground than we could have wished for, we also came in for a good deal of very nice country. The chief feature of the run was that the hounds killed in almost the same spot where they found, which was a great convenience to those who wished to be back in Bombay early, and very different from a forty-five minutes run out towards Vehar.

The next meet is at Andheri, for which a special train will run.

SOCIAL REFORM IN INDIA.

ON this subject Mr. Malabari received the following letter, dated 26th September, 1885, from the Hon. Sir Auckland Colvin :—

It is to me a matter of great regret that the Government can, at present, give you but little assistance. But in India, more than in many other countries, the battle of social reform must be first fought by those whom it immediately concerns. They have always the Government behind and with them, as a reserve of strength, when the hour has come to employ it; but it is for them, by their efforts, to hasten that hour.

I know how unsatisfactory this must seem to you, penetrated as you are by the sense of the miserable evils which you are devoting yourself to remove. But time, education, and many other influences are working with and for you, better than the Government could do; and like other reformers you must work in the certainty of the ultimate triumph of your cause, though personally you may suffer disappointment.

THE INCOME-TAX.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that the Income-Tax Bill has become law, I think Government will do well if they direct the several collectors and other officers entrusted with the responsible duties of carrying out the provisions of the Act, carefully to see :—(1) That the officers selected for assessing and collecting taxes under the Act, are strictly honest and conscientious. (2) That the Act is strictly construed, and that nothing is regarded by the officers concerned as within the law, which is not clearly and intelligibly specified in the very words of the law. (3) That the benefit of doubt, if any, as regards construction of any provision of the law be given to the people liable to be taxed. (4) That appeals under the Act are promptly and carefully disposed of on judicial principles, without putting the parties thereto to any reckless expense and troubles. (5) That no attempt whatever be made by the subordinate executive officers (Mamlutdars and Mahalkuries) to collect, under any circumstances, more than what can legally and fairly be collected under the Act.

P. R. D.

HIGH COURT—FEBRUARY 5.

(Before the Hon. Sir WILLIAM WEDDERBURN.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

260-85—A F Turner—A Frankel vs Soundy and Co—Chalk and W—Part heard.
403-85—Muljee B B—Jairaj Makonjee and others vs Gordhundas Khatao and others—Part heard.
341-85—Craigie, L and O—Narayendas Panachund vs Dadki and another—Tyabji and D.
362-85—M H Khan—Thacker Govindjee Jadowjee vs Thacker Veerji Ludha and another—E Wilkin.
363-85—Ardesir and H—Mithibai vs Shawakshaw Dhunjibhoy—Jefferson B and D.
371-85—Payne, G and S—S A Ralli and others vs H C Reinhold and others—Hore, C and B
375-85—Bomonjee and H—C A Turner vs Radhavahoo Thakurdas and D.
385-85—In person—Morar Cullian and another vs Ruttonji Jewan Damanwala and another—In person.
388-85—Janardhun G—Dhondu Damodhar Surway vs C A Turner and others—In person.
389-85—Payne, G and S—Asmaboo vs Jewabhoy Goolamhoosein and others—Wilkin and D.
390-85—A F Turner—Ismailjee Vullijee vs Abdool Tyab Futtehally—Balkrishna and B.

RETIREMENT OF COLONEL FRENCH.

THE Staff of the B. B. and C I. Railway in Bombay are sending by this mail an address to Colonel French, the late chairman. Some Rs. 4,000 have been subscribed, which it is proposed to offer to the Bombay University scholarship in his name. Looking at Colonel French's services to India, not only in his military capacity, and as Resident at one time at Baroda, but as the founder of the B. B. and C. I. Railway, which has contributed so much to the prosperity and welfare of Western India, the Government might reasonably be expected to include his name in the next Honours *Gazette*. The address is as follows :—

We, the undersigned members of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company's Staff have heard with very great regret of your resignation of the chair in which you have so ably and so honorably presided over the fortunes of the Company since it was formed under your auspices thirty-two years ago.

2. We cannot allow you to vacate this the highest office in connection with this great undertaking without congratulating you, as its originator and as its keen advocate through much opposition and many difficulties, upon its present prosperous condition, which places it amongst the most successful of Indian railways.

3 In doing so, we take this opportunity of giving expression to our feelings of sincere respect for you and of our appreciation of your many high qualities, and we beg your permission to found a Scholarship in the *University of Bombay* to be called the "Colonel Patrick French Scholarship," with the object of perpetuating your memory in connection with India and with the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway. We propose this Scholarship to be chiefly for the benefit of children of employés of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway in this country.

4. In wishing you many years of happiness in your well-earned retirement, we beg to return you our most cordial thanks for the kindly consideration you have invariably shown to one and all of us, and for the hearty interest you have always taken in the welfare of the Company's Staff in India.

The address, which is signed by all the European and Native employés, has been beautifully illuminated on parchment. It is enclosed in a handsome blackwood casket with massive silver mountings, and will no doubt be treasured by Colonel French as a memento of his connection with the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Verona, Captain M. D. Horn, will sail to-day for Marseilles with the European mails and the following passengers :—

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mrs Duke, infant & nurse
Mr George R Spencer
Mr H Mirza AbassKhan and servant
Mr W S H Brown
Major J M Lewis
Mr F W Howse
Mrs Goodall
Mr Drake Broachman

FOR SUEZ.

Major Von Hagenow
Capt The Baron Von-Huené
Mr J B Foster
Mr and Mrs W J Nead
Mr and Mrs Maxwell
Miss Maxwell
Mr Gustan Schiner
Mr Geo Schoner
Mr J D McFarland
Mr J G Dawney & servant

FOR VENICE.

Revd Joseph Vas Reeth
Mr D Fucho

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Mooney
Mr Wood Wells
Mr Herbert Salt
Madame de la Berthelliere
Mr F Baghoni
Mr H Chamberlain
Mr W Chamberlain
Mr Herbert
Mr R Willis
Mr H Crawford
Mr E de Mantresor
The Rev Dr Whitefield
Hon Spencer G Littleton
Mr Carbutt
Mr Carpenter
Mr David Keith
Mr J B Case
Mr Keith Douglas

FOR LONDON.

Mr and Mrs John Taylor
Mr and Mrs J R Rodgers
Capt A B Daniel
Gunner Andrews

The following passages have been engaged.

By the s.s. Cathay, Captain J. P. Hassall, sailing on 12th February :—

FOR LONDON.

Mr Muncherjee Dosabhoy Fracis
Capt & Mrs N G C Deburgh
Mr Ahmed Doold Khan and child

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Wm Birkmyre
Mr H Birkmyre and man-servant
Sir Tatton and Lady Sykes, European maid, and man-servant
Mr and Mrs M V Charrington
Mr W C Ward
Mr C R Hills
Mrs Cubitt
Miss Gattierd
Mr Bellingham
Lady and Miss Ramsay
Mr Arthur Andrews
Mr and Mrs Thelner
Major W J Heavisida
Mr Adair
Mr F Broughton
Mrs Hutchinson

FOR VENICE—Mrs L A Wallace

By the s.s. Gwalior, Captain P. Harris, sailing on 19th February :—

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr W H Murdoch
Mr J Robinson
Mr T Robinson
Mr C H Reily
Lieut R G Broadwood
Capt E C Martin
Hon R Miller

FOR VENICE.

Mr and Mrs Batt
Mr Laughton Alison

By the s.s. Ganges, Captain E. Stewart, sailing on 26th February :—

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr T Wandie
Mr and Mrs R Allen
Mr W Maling Grant
Lieut-Col Walker
Mr J F Thomas
Mr T Grant
Mr and Mrs Thos G Glover
Miss Glover
Mr G H Forbes Errington
Mr Gaman
Capt Thorton

FOR LONDON.

Mrs A G Cane & 2 children
Mrs H Langurd & 2 children
Mrs F D M Brown & infant
Mrs W Adams and infant
Mrs Walker and 2 infants
Mr F Percy Parason
Mrs Pinath and child
Mr H F Otis
Mrs Miller and infant
Mr E Salano and 2 chi
Lieut-Genl T F Wilson
Mrs Wilson and children
Mr W Stepperson
Mrs R S John & 2 children
Mr and Mrs H B Higgins

FOR VENICE.

FOR VENICE—Sir W E De Souza

FOR TRIESTE.—Mr G H Grant

FOR MALTA.

Mr E G Pack
Mr D Hudson
Col E C Stack

By the s.s. Siam, to Marseilles on 6th March :—

FOR BRINDISI.

Sir George Bowen
Miss Bowen
Hon and Mrs Lionel Tennyson
Mr T S Taylor
Mr J S Begg
Col and Mrs P Greig
Mrs Jarrett
Mr G Loritlard
Mr W P Tallboys
Mr A M Tod
Lt-Genl Sir R Phayre, KCB

FOR SUEZ.

Mrs Mc Bagg
Mrs Laura Wheeler
Miss Francis Opone
Mr and Mrs Irwin

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr Edwin Arnold, C S I
Mrs Arnold, Miss Arnold
Mr J B Hills and 2 boys
Mr Wintworth V Brown
Mr and Mrs B J Bruce and 2 children
Mr and Mrs H Spencer
Mr and Mrs Shanks
Rev G K Durrant & child
Mr Walter Lucy
Mrs Morgan
Genl R S Hill
Mr Maurice C FitzGerald

FOR LONDON.

Mr and Mrs H Lambert
Mr W Craik
Major-Genl J J Boswell
Mrs Boswell
Mr T B Coune
Mrs Quarrell
Mr and Mrs J G H Collister and infant
Maj Genl J Watson, CB
Mrs Watson, two Misses Watson
Master Watson

FOR VENICE—Alex Robertson

By the s.s. Nepaul, sailing on 12th March :—

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr and Mrs Locks King
Miss Gore Brown
Capt F G Steward
Mr and Mrs Wilson Hoare
Col W T Eder
Mr Hope
Mr Chas P Carty
Revd Dr Bennett
Mr J J Briscoe

FOR SUEZ—Dy Surg-Genl and Mrs Fox

FOR LONDON.

Three Misses Wright
Mrs Quylie and 2 children
Lady Allen Fitzgerald and infant
Revd C Ash
Mrs H Woodward & infant
Mr and Mrs H Read & child

FOR VENICE.

Mr Kodur Buksh
Col C J Smith, R E
Mr A Stephen & 2 children
Mr Hugh S Charrington
Mr Vining, 2 Misses Vining

FOR MALTA.

The Marchioness of Ely
Miss Turpin
Mr Moyer

By s-s. Nizam, Captain W. J. Webber, sailing on 19th March :—

Lieut-Col and Mrs Heyman
Mr and Mrs W Wilson
Mr Evans C Johnson
Capt and Mrs Montague
Mr R Farqukar
Mr W L Sanderson
Mrs A B Stapford

FOR LONDON—Mr A Hume Spry

THE BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

THE following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it, is published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* in accordance with Rule 15 of the Rules for the conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations :—

A Bill to remove certain doubts in the construction of Section 9 B of the Bombay Municipal Acts of 1872 and 1878.

Whereas doubts are entertained as to the power of Government, in rules framed by it under Section 9 B of the Bombay Municipal Acts of 1872 and 1878, to divide the city of Bombay, for the purposes of elections by ratepayers of members of the Municipal Corporation of the said city, into wards and to restrict the right of persons qualified to vote at any such election to voting in one ward or for one candidate only, and it is expedient to remove such doubts. It is enacted as follows :—

1. No rule which purports to have been framed by Government under the said section, either before or after thh date when this Act comes into force, shall be deemed to have been, or to be invalid merely by reason.

(*a*) that it divides the city of Bombay into wards and distributes the thirty-two members of the said Corporation to be elected at a ratepayers election amongst the said wards and requires that the number of the said members so allotted to each such ward shall be returned for the prescribed ward only; or

(*b*) that it prescribes the ward in which each person qualified to vote at ratepayer' elections shall exercise that right and restricts such person's right to voting at elections of members for the one ward so prescribed or for one candidate only at each such election.

2. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to affect any nomination of a candidate at any ratepayers' election made under Section 9 of the said Acts before the date on which this Act comes into force.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

On the eve of the general election of members of the Municipal Corporation of the city of Bombay by ratepayers, which has been fixed to be held on the 15th February, 1886, the power of Government, when framing rules for regulating such elections under Section 9 B of the Bombay Municipal Acts of 1872 and 1878, to direct that the elections shall be held by wards or to limit the right of voters to voting in one ward or for one candidate only has been brought into question.

On a previous occasion when counsel was consulted on behalf of the Corporation, an opinion was given that rules containing such provisions as the above for general elections were not illegal.

On the present occasion, however, two learned counsel are of opinion that such provisions are *ultra vires*, and the Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay has applied to Government to adopt measures for validating the rules under which it is intended that the pending election shall be held and all similar rules which may have been or may hereafter be framed by it under the said section.

The rules of which the validity is questioned have been in operation in substantially the same shape for fourteen years and are understood to be generally approved. The Governor in Council being therefore of opinion that the Municipal Commissioner's application is one that should be complied with, has caused this Bill to be prepared for the purpose of giving effect to the same.

The saving clause in Section 2 of the Bill regarding nominations of candidates made before the Bill will become law is necessary, because it has been the practice to recognize nominations of candidates for ward elections made by persons qualified under the Municipal Acts to vote at ratepayers' elections, whether they were entitled according to the rules to vote in the particular ward for which they nominated or not, and it is not expedient that the regularity of any of these nominations should be rendered doubtful through the passing of this Bill.

As the members about to be newly elected under the Municipal Acts must, by law, take office on the 1st April next, the matter is emergent.

Feb. 3. (Signed) M. MELVILL.

NEW USE FOR RABBIT'S EYES.

The French have discovered a new use for that victim of vivisection, the rabbit. Dr. Chibret, noticing that where a human eye had to be excised and a glass one substituted the results were most unsatisfactory, conceived the idea of using an animal's eye for the purpose. After much experimenting he selected the rabbit, and in May last performed his first operation. It had a qualified success. The success would have been complete, but that the silk threads used to keep the foreign eye in its place till nature attached it caused suppuration, which in the end destroyed a part of the eye.

The rest of it adapted itself to altered circumstances, and the gain to ocular surgery seemed assured. Since then other operations have been attended with absolute success. The new eye, in texture, mobility, colour, and transparency, seemed to match its fellow, and the irritation produced often by such a foreign body as glass was avoided. Of course vision was not restored, though Dr. Chibret, with the enthusiasm of an innovator, believes that this may yet be accomplished.

THE NOTTINGHAM ELECTION RIOT.

THE Watch Committee of the Nottingham Town Council, having considered the report of the Commissioner who conducted the inquiry into the late election riot arrived last night at their decision. They find that the order given by the magistrates to clear the market-place did not justify the extreme violence with which the police charged the crowd, that after the charge sufficient control was not exercized over the constables, and that sufficient warning was not given that the square was about to be cleared. They suggest that where circumstances do not warrant the reading of the Riot Act, but a movement of the police is contemplated, that respectable citizens should be given an oppotunity if retiring. They find that the police disobeyed instruction, as to the use of truncheons, and behaved intemperately, and that the second detachment of reserve police, consisting mainly of Derbyshire and Birmingham men, together with a few Nottingham men, drew their staves and used them most improperly. They also find that the injuries suffered by peaceable citizens were inflicted by men of the Derbyshire and Nottingham forces. They place upon the magistrates the responsibility for the conduct of the police.

THE HOME RULE QUESTION.

THE special parliamentary correspondent of the *Freeman's Journal* makes the following admission as to the state of feeling in England on the Home Rule question. As the correspondent is a prominent member of Mr. Parnell's party, his statements convey an idea of how the present situation is viewed by that party. He says:— There is no denying that for the present the tide runs high against Ireland. In fact, at this moment there is more anti-Irish feeling throughout England than there has been for a considerable time, and Home Rule is an object of loathing to most Englishmen. The wind at the present moment blows against Ireland, and accordingly the Whig, and still more the Radical Opportunists declare that Ireland is not to get Home Rule. The majority of the Liberal to whom I have spoken talk in this kind of way, and mutter that they will fight rather than that Ireland should obtain her demands; but the state of feeling outside is but one of many reasons why the Liberals at the present moment decline to commit themselves to Ireland. The condition of the party itself imposes this reserve upon them, and I am told that the uncertainty of every man is so great that even in private conversation it is hard to get any man to speak freely to tell what is in his heart. The reason of all this is obvious. There is a big fight among the leaders, and the rank-and-file are waiting to see which side is going to win. If Mr. Gladstone carries the day, then they will all be Gladstonians; if Mr. Chamberlain rule the roast, they will swear by Birmingham; if Lord Hartington should triumph, then, Hail, Hartington and down with the Grand Old Man!

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Govt. Gazette*, Feb. 4.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officer having completed twenty years' service, six of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Major from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—Staff Corps.—Capt W A Wetherall, 30th Jan 1886.

The following appointment is made, with effect from the 29th Jan 1886:—Capt D C Dean-Pitt, R A, Depy Assist Qrmr-Genl, to be an Assist Qrmr-Genl on the Estabt in succession to Major H Melliss, S C, whose tenure of service on the Staff expired on the 28th Jan 1886.

The tenure of Capt Dean-Pitt's service on the Staff commenced from the 1st Nov 1882, the date on which he was first appointed thereto in the position of Depy Assist Qrmr-Genl.

Lieut S M Edwardes, 1st Battn North Lanc Regt, is appointed a Probationer for the Bo S C, with effect from the 24th Jan.

The Govr in Council is pleased, with the concurrence of the Secy of State, to extend Bgdr-Genl A L Annesley's tenure of the appointment of Adjt-Genl until 1st April 1886.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from this date:—1st Lancers—Resaidar and Wordie-Major Rowjee Row Sawunt to be Risaldar on augmentation; Ressaidar Dowlut Sing to be Wordie-Major vice Rowjee Row Sawunt, promoted; Jamadar Sydoola Khan to be Ressaidar, vice Rowjee Row Sawunt, promoted; and Kote-Dafedar Furzund Hussain to be Jamadar vice Sydoola Khan, promoted; Jamadar Gunnu Sinday to be Ressaidar on augmentation, and Kote-Dafedar Mutha Sing to be Jamadar, vice Gunnu Sinday, promoted, Kote-Dafedar Major Jehangir Khan to be Jamadar on augmentation.

The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 24th Nov 1885:—1st Lancers.—Kote Dafedar Rung Rao Soorway to be Jamadar, vice Severn de Rozario, transferred to the 7th Cavalry (Jacob-ka-Risala).

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Major G R Hodgson, S C.

The undermentioned Warrant Officers have been granted by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—Condr J Thompson, Ord Dept, six months, medical certificate; and Sub-Condr H Powell, Commissarit Dept, sixty-one days, medical certificate.

The undermentioned officer of the Staff Corps is entitled to the Colonel's allowance from the date specified:—Major-Genl J Watson, V C, C B,—3rd Feb 1886.

The following appointment is made, with effect from the 29th Jan 1886:—Cap A W L Bayly, S C, Wing Officer, 21st Bo Infy, (Offg Depy Assist Qr Mr Genl, Bo Dist,) to be a Depy Assist Qr Mr Genl, on the establishment in succession to Capt D C Dean Pitt, R A, appointed Assist Qr Mr General.

The tenure of Capt Bayly's service on the Staff commenced on the 25th Aug, 1885, the date from which he commenced to draw the full Staff pay as Depy Asst Qrmr-Genl whilst officiating in that grade.

Sind Vol R C.—Lieut W M Johnstone is permitted to resign his commission.

Bombay Vol R C.—The following appointment is made:—To be Major—H C Baggallay, Esq.

Col C E Stack, Bo Cavy, is permitted to proceed to and reside in England.

The services of Col C F Boulton, Bo S C, are replaced at the disposal of the Provincial C-in-C, with effect from the 6th Dec.

Surgn C R Kilkelly, Medical Staff, is brought on the strength of H M's British Forces in the Bombay Command from the 28th Jan 1886, the date of his arrival at Bombay.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Col J W Watson to be Political Agent and Collr of Stamp Revenue, Kathiawar, vice Lieut-Col E W West, deceased.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr G Jacob is appointed to do duty as Assist Judge and Sessions Judge at Satara until further orders.

The Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. Lucas, Mag. of the First Class in the district of Kanara, to exercise the powers vested in a Magte. of Police by the said Act.

Mr. Khanderao Appaji Gupté, late Mámlatdár of Haveli, is appointed to be a Special Magte. under Sec. 14 of Act X. of 1882, and is invested with the powers of a Magte. of the Second Class within the limits of the City of Poona.

Khán Sáheb Dinshaw Jamsetji, Mámlatdár of A'nand in the district of Kaira, is appointed to be a Magte. of the First Class in the district of Kaira.

The Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Mr J Davidson, Magte of the First Class in the district of Nasik, to be Magte in charge of the Subdivision of that district comprising the talukas of Malegaon, Nandgaon, Baglan, and Kalvan.

Mr W L Harvey, Assist Collr in the district of Ahmednagar, is appointed to be a Magte of the First Class in the district of Ahmednagar.

Rao Saheb Maneklal Narotamdas, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Madha in the Sholapur-Bijapur Dist was, in addition to his own duties, in charge of the current duties of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Karmala in the same district from the 2nd Nov. to the 2nd Dec. 1885, both days inclusive.

Mr G Druitt is appointed, on Mr Tagore's return to duty, to act as Judge and sessions Judge of Khandesh during the absence of Mr Hosking, or till further orders.

Mr C G W Macpherson, C I E, is appointed to act as Judge and Session Judge of Nasik during the absence of Mr Baker, or till further orders.

The Rt Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to invest Mr Dadabhai Dinsha, Magte of the First Class in the district of Kaira, with power to try summarily all the offences mentioned or referred to in Sec 260 of Act X of 1882.

A'zam Balwantrao Wamnaji, Head Karkun of Taluka Salsette in the district of Thana, is appointed to be a Magte of the Second Class in the district of Thana.

Mr. Amratlal Bechardas has been appointed to be Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Kapadvanj in the Ahmedabad District, with effect from the 16th inst.

Mr Ganesh Narotam has been appointed, with effect from the 18th inst, to act as Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Kopargaon in the Ahmednagar Dist during the absence of Mr Balkrishna Ravjee on leave or until further orders.

Mr G Jacob assumed charge of the office of Assist Judge and Sessions Judge at Satara on the 23rd inst.

Surgn Phirozsha Jamsedji Damania acted as Supdt of the Satara Jail from 5th to 16th Nov 1885, both days inclusive, in addition to his own duties.

The transfer of Rao Saheb Vadilal Tarachand Parikh, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Godhra in the Ahmedabad Dist, Kopergaon, in the Ahmednagar Dist., and of Ráo Sáheb Manohor Vishnu Kathavate, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Kopergaon in the Ahmednagar Dist, to Godhra in the Ahmedabad Dist, and the investiture of the latter with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes at Godhra, made in Govt Notification No. 8750, dated 22nd Dec, 1885, are cancelled.

Rao Saheb Bulakhidas Gangadas Desai, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Akola in the Ahmednagar Dist, is transferred to Godhra in the Ahmedabad Dist.

Rao Saheb Vadilal Tarachand Parikh, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Godhra in the Ahmedabad Dist, is transferred to Akola in the Ahmednagar Dist.

Rao Saheb Bulakhidas Gangadas Desai is, on his transfer to Godhra and with effect from 3rd March 1886, invested, within the local limits of his ordinary jurisdiction, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50.

The Sheriff of Bombay has appointed Mr. Henry Jeffrey Miles to be Depy Sheriff of Bombay from the 1st inst, vice Mr Edward Van der Straaten, transferred.

Mr A H Unwin, Actg Judge and Sessions Judge of Kanara, is allowed an extension for two days of the privilege leave granted to him.

Messrs. Edward Van der Straaten and H J Miles respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Depy Sheriff of Bombay on the 1st inst.

Col G C Grant and Mr G M Macpherson respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judicial Commr in Sind and Judge of the Sardar Court in that Province on the 22nd ult.

Mr Edward Van der Straaten assumed charge of his appointment as Registrar of the Court of Small Causes at Bombay on the 1st inst.

Mr Babaji Y Kerur is appointed to act as Depy Educational Inspr, Bijapur Sub-Divn, during the absence of Rao Saheb Ramchandra Vinayek Bhanap, or until further orders.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A W Crawley-Boevey, C S, to act as Collr and Magte of the district of Broach and Dist Registrar, Broach, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Broach Dist, during the absence of Mr T D Mackenzie, C S, or until further orders after completing the special duty on which he is at present employed in the Baroda State.

The services of Col C F Boulton, Bo S C, are replaced at the disposal of the Mily Dept, with effect from 6th December 1885.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Lieut-Col R I Crawford, Bo S C, to be Collr and Magte of the district of Karachi and Dist Registrar, Karachi, vice Col Boulton; Major A H Mayhew to be Collr and Magte of the district of Shikarpur and Dist Registrar, Shikarpur, vice Lieut-Col Crawford, transferred; Mr R Giles to be Depy Commr, Upper Sind Frontier, and Dist Registrar, Upper Sind Frontier, vice Major Mayhew, promoted; and Mr S W Edgerley, C S, Third Assist Collr in Sind, to be Second Assis Collr in Sind, vice Mr Giles, promoted.

Mr. M. D. Mackenzie, Supernumerary Assist Collr in Sind, to be Third Assist Collr in Sind, vice Mr. Edgerley, promoted.

The following officers are confirmed in their respective appointments in the Registration Dept:—

Kaira Dist.—Mr Lallubhai Kashandas, Sub-Registrar of Kapadvanj.

Panch Mahals Dist—Mr Trikamlal Jaykisandas, Sub-Registrar of Kalol.

Ahmedabad Dist—Mr. Bapalal Lallubhai, Sub-Registrar of Sanand.

Ahmednagar Dist—Mr Ganesh Waman, Sub-Registrar of Karjat.

The following appointments are made in the Registration Dept:—

Mr Jivaji Gurunath, third grade Special Sub-Registrar of Parasgad, to be second grade Special Sub-Registrar of Athni; Mr Ravji Annaji, fourth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Khanapur, to be third grade Special Sub-Registrar of Parasgad; Mr. Gunderao Hanmant, substantive pro tem. Karkun in the office of the Dist Registrar, to be probationary fourth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Khanapur; Mr. Gururao Anand 5th grade Special Sub-Registrar of Murgod to be fifth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Gokak; and Mr Balkrishna Daji, Karkun in the office of the Sub Registrar of Hukeri, to be sixth grade probationary Special Sub-Registrar of Murgod.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Asudamal Esardes to act as Sub-Assist Consvr of Forests till further orders, and to place his services at the disposal of the Consvr of Forests, Sind Circle.

Mr R B Pitt, Assist Supt, Poona and Nasik Revenue Survey, has been allowed privilege leave of absence for two months, with effect from the 5th Dec 1885.

Mr G H Hampton, Assist Supt, Poona and Nasik Revenue Survey, is promoted from the third to the second Grade of Assist Supt, with effect from the 17th Dec 1885.

Mr. R. M. Kennedy, C. S., Assist. Coll., Kaira, is allowed fulough for one year from 22nd April 1886, or from such subsequent date before the 1st of May 1886, as he may avail himself of it.

Mr. S. W. Tyndall, Head Assist. Coll., Hyderabad Dist., is allowed furlough for twenty months from such date in March 1886 as he may avail himself of it.

Mr. T. H. Stewart, C. S., Survey and Settlement Commsr., is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months and sixteen days.

Mr. J. H. C. Dunsterville, Asst. Supt., Southern Marátha Country Revenue Survey, has been allowed by H. M's. Secy. of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Assist Surgn D B Valles, L M, is allowed an extension for six months of the leave on medical certificate for three months granted to him in Govt Notification No. 3857, dated 10th Oct 1885.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr C T Burk, B E, M Inst C E, to be Ex Engr for Irrigation, Poona, in succession to Mr W J B Clerke, whose services have been lent to the Bombay Municipality.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments and transfers:—Mr C N Clifton to act as Ex Engr, Kaira; Mr C Brereton to act as Ex Engr, Dharwar; and Captain W J Lister, R. E., to be Ex Engr, Kanara.

Messrs. M. H. Scott and T. Hamilton respectively delivered over and received charge of the Dist. and Session Court of Ahmednagar on the 9th Jan. 1886.

Mr Devchand Pandurang, Depy Accts is appointed to act as Head Acct to the Collr Nasik during the absence of privilage leave of Ráo Sáheb Venkatrao Shivirao Bhadbhade, or until furder orders.

Lieut Col Codrington, Dist Supdt of Police, Sátára, is granted thirty days privilege leave of absence from the the 4th proximo or such later date as he may avail himself of same.

Mr K R Bamanji, Suprmry Assist Collr, Khandesh, delivered over and Mr Rajaram Khanderao Waidya, Additional Dist Depy Collr received charge of the office of the Assist Collr' Southern Div, Khandesh, on the 18th inst.

HOW THE COMPLEXION IS RUINED.—It is well known to the medical faculty that the majority of skin diseases are caused, and the complexion ruined, by the use of impure and irritant soaps. The more delicate the skin, the quicker its ruin. The Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap is the purest the mildest, and most emollient of all the many toilet soaps before the public. Recommended by the entire medical profession. Beautifully white. Delicately perfumed. It is a boon to sensitive skins, and as a shaving soap, it is unequalled. Sold in Tablets by all Chemists.

NOTICES.

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OF
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FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

ALL suffering from CATARRH, CONSUMPTION, OBSTINATE COUGHS or COLDS, and those affected with diseases of the CHEST, LUNGS, and BRONCHIAL TUBES should take

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Prescribed by the leading medical authorities in all countries for the last twenty-five years with the greatest success, it continues to retain its reputation where all other medicines have failed.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP immediately arrests the Cough, and Nightsweats, and the Appetite improves rapidly—a fact soon demonstrated by an increase of weight and healthy appearance.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP is a rose colour, and is sold in flat, oval bottles. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

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Renowned Physicians prescribe GRIMAULT'S MATICO as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of ACUTE AND CHRONIC DISCHARGES. These CAPSULES, unlike COPAIBA, have not the inconvenience of producing NAUSEA. The Injection is used in recent, and the Capsules in the more chronic cases.

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An agreeable vegetable sweetmeat for children; they are guaranteed to expel all kinds of intestinal worms promptly without pain or danger.

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OF
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This syrup enriches the blood, and strengthens and restores all the vital energies. Phosphate of Lime is the substance most necessary to our existence, and is indispensable for the formation of the bony and muscular system. When the body lacks the proper amount of Phosphate of Lime it gradually wastes away, and as soon as such symptoms are observed Dusart's Syrup (which is the natural restorer) should at once be taken.

DUSART'S SYRUP is of inestimable benefit to CONVALESCENTS, OLD or WEAKLY PEOPLE; and RICKETY CHILDREN find in it the calcareous elements required for the solidification of the bones.

DUSART'S SYRUP is the best TONIC for LYMPHATIC subjects, and all suffering from DEBILITY, POORNESS OF BLOOD and the EXCESSES OF YOUTH. DUSART'S SYRUP arrests DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, and is well adapted to MOTHERS while SUCKLING and during PREGNANCY.

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This delicious Tonic Wine contains active PEPSINE and PEPTONE or "*perfectly digested meat*," ready for immediate assimilation with the blood.

The reconstituent properties of CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE are acknowledged in the London and Paris Hospitals; where it is largely used for all affections of the STOMACH, LIVER, and INTESTINES, and for INDIGESTION, DISTASTE FOR FOOD, ANÆMIA, CONSUMPTION, DIABETES, DYSENTERY, FEVERS; in extreme weakness and exhaustion arising from TUMOURS, CANCEROUS AFFECTIONS, and all wasting diseases, wherever an extra amount of nourishment is required.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSIC PEPTONE, WINE cannot be too highly recommended as a TONIC STIMULANT and RESTORATIVE to the AGED, DELICATE FEMALES, Lymphatic and Subjects children, and to increase the quantity and richness of the milk while suckling.

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The ACTIVE CURATIVE PRINCIPLES
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The Paris Medical Tribune has lately published the discovery by Mr. Chapoteaut of Morrhuol, the curative and active principles isolated from the oily and indigestible part of Cod Liver Oil.

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From the experiments made in the hospitals, it has been proved that MORRHUOL is more efficacious than Cod-Liver Oil, and that BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, NIGHT-SWEATS, PAINS IN THE CHEST, AND CONSUMPTION, yield to its influence; after the first few doses the sleep becomes sound and the appetite returns, which at once indicates an amelioration.

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Its refreshing and purifying qualities are invaluable to persons predisposed to headaches, biliousness, and apoplexy; while it prevents convulsions in children, and is very useful in all infant disorders.

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CAUTIO[illegible] Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

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Semri
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Kuruk Ball

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Chinchowli
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Chinchwud
Kirkee
Poona†¶¶
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Kartrux
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Wassud
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Chital
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CONTENTS:

COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
Index to Railway Stations.
Index to places by Steamer and Dâk.
ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD—
  Examples of Cook's Tours Round the World.
  Circular Tours between Bombay, Madras or Calcutta and Ceylon, the Straits, China and Japan.
  Circular Tours between Bombay, Madras or Calcutta and Ceylon, Australia, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Japan.
THE ROUTE TO ENGLAND FROM INDIA *via* the PACIFIC.
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM BOMBAY to places in INDIA and abroad.
  Table of distances on the Bolan Road.
Tonga Dâks.
Harbour Steam Ferries.
  Coast Routes to and near Bombay to Goa.
DESCRIPTION OF BOMBAY.
POSTAL DIRECTORY—
  Departure of Overland Mails.
  Departure of Inland Mails.
  Money Orders.
  Inland Postage Rates.
  Foreign do. do.
  Foreign Parcel Post.
TELEGRAPHIC CHARGES—
  Rates for Foreign Telegrams.
  Rates of Charges between India and Ceylon.
  Ceylon Local Telegraphic Charges.
THROUGH TRAINS—
  Bombay to Nagpore, Allahabad, and Calcutta.
  Calcutta, Allahabad, Nagpore, Indore, and Mhow to Bombay.
  Bombay to Surat, Ahmedabad, and Bhownuggar.
  Bombay and Ahmedabad to Ajmere, Indore, Mhow, Jeypore, Delhi, Agra, and Lahore.
  Lahore, Delhi, Agra, Jeypore, Ajmere, and Indore to Ahmedabad.
  Ahmedabad and Surat to Bombay.
  Bombay and Allahabad to Cawnpore, Delhi, Lahore, and Peshawar.
  Lahore to Mooltan, Sibi, and Kurrachee.
  Kurrachee and Sibi to Mooltan and Lahore.
  Mooltan, Lahore, and Peshawar to Delhi, Cawnpore and Allahabad.
  Bombay to Poona, Sholapur, Nizam Hyderabad, Madras, and Beypore.
  Beypore, Madras, Nizam Hyderabad, Sholapur, and Poona to Bombay.
Local Trains between Bombay, Coorla, Tanna, and Cullian.
Local Trains between Cullian, Tanna, Coorla, and Bombay.
Local Trains between Bombay, Mahim, Bandora, and Andaree.
Local Trains between Andaree, Bandora, Mahim, and Bombay.
RAILWAY TIME TABLES—
  Bombay to Bhosawal, Hosungabad, Jubbulpore, Allahabad, Benares, Gya, Patna, and Calcutta.
  Calcutta, Patna, Gya, Benares, Allahabad, Jubbulpore, Hosungabad to Bhosawal and Bombay.
  Bombay to Nagpore and Raj Nandgaon.
  Raj Nandgaon to Nagpore and Bombay.
  Bombay to Narel, Khandala, Poona, Ahmednuggar, Munmad, Sholapur, Nizam Hyderabad, Raichore, Madras, Bangalore, Mysore, Nilgiri, and Beypore.
  Southern Mahratta Railways.
  eypore, Nilgiri, Mysore, Bangalore, Madras, Raichore, Nizam Hyderabad, Sholapur and Munmad to Poona and Bombay.
  mbay to Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bhownagar, Aboo-Road, Ajmere, Indore, Mhow, Jeypore, Agra, Muttra, Delhi, Lahore, Mooltan, Peshawar, Kurrachee, and Sibi.
  Sibi, Kurrachee, Peshawar, Mooltan, Lahore, Delhi, Muttra, Agra, Jeypore, Mhow, Indore, Ajmere, Aboo-Road, Bhownuggar, Ahmedabad, Baroda, and Surat to Bombay.
  Bombay and Calcutta to Allahabad, Cawnpore, Agra, Gwalior, and Delhi.
  Delhi, Gwalior, Agra, Cawnpore, and Allahabad to Bombay and Calcutta.
  Calcutta to Azimgunge, Rajmahal, Monghyr, and Luckieserai.
  Luckieserai, Monghyr, Rajmahal, and Azimgunge to Calcutta.
  Benares to Byramghat, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Allighur, and Moradabad.
  Moradabad, Allyghur, Cawnpore, Lucknow, and Byramghat to Benares.
  Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway.
  Semaria Ghat to Somastipore, Mozufferpore, and Durbunga and *vice versa.*
  Calcutta to Sonapore, Diamond Harbour, and Canning and *vice versa.*
  Calcutta to Ranaghat, Bongong, Ramnuggar, Damookdea, and Goalundo.
  Goalundo, Damookdea, Ramnuggar, Bongong, and Ranaghat to Calcutta.
  Bengal Central Railway.
  Bengal and North-Western Railway.
  Calcutta to Nawabgunj, Parbutipur, Rungpore, Siliguri and Darjeeling.
  Darjeeling, Siliguri, Parbatipur, Rungpore, and Nawabgunj to Calcutta.
  Calcutta to Kunia, Mogulhat, and Dhubri and *vice versa.*
  Madras to Chingleput, Pondicherry, Tanjore, Negapatam, Trichinopoly, and Tuticorin.
  Tuticorin, Trichinopoly, Negapatam, Tanjore, Pondicherry, and Chingleput to Madras.
ABSTRACT OF RAILWAY REGULATIONS AND INFORMATIONS—
  Great Indian Peninsula Railway.
  H. H. the Nizam's Railway.
  Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway.
  B. B. & Central India Railway.
  Bhownuggar-Gondal Railway.
  Rajputana-Malwa Railway.
  East Indian Railway.
  Sind Punjab and Delhi Railway.
  Indus Valley, Khandahar, and Punjab Northern Railways.
  Madras Railway.
  Mysore State Railway
  South Indian Railway.
  Oudh and Rohilkund Railway
  Patna and Gya State Railway.
  Tirhoot State Railway.
  Calcutta and South-Eastern State Railway.
  Nulhati State Railway.
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANIES—
  P. and O. Steam Navigation Co.
    Bombay to Suez and Brindisi, Venice or London.
  Venice, Brindisi or London to Suez and Bombay.
  Calcutta to Suez and *vice versa.*
  Bombay to Shanghai and *vice versa.*
  Bombay to Australia and *vice versa.*
  Rates of Passage Money.
Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes—Calcutta to Marseilles and *vice versa.*
  Rates of Passage Money.
  ustro-Hungarian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Co.—
  Bombay to Brindisi and Trieste
  Trieste to London.
  Alexandria to Cyprus.
  Rates of Passage Money.
Florio Rubattino Steam Navigation Co.—
  Bombay to Messina, Naples, Leghorn and Genoa.
  Rates of Passage Money.
  Anchor Line of Steamers—
  Bombay to Liverpool.
  Rate of Passage Money.
  Hall ine of Steamers—
  Bombay to Liverpool.
  Rates of Passage Money.
Clan Line of Steamers—
  Bombay to Liverpool.
  Rates of Passage Money.
Campagnie Nationale De Naviga tion.—
Rates of Passage Money.
The Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Co.—
  Rates of Passage Money.
British India Steam Navigation Co.—
  Bombay to Madras, &c., and Calcutta and *vice versa.*
  Bombay to Kurrachee, Bushire and Bussorah and *vice versa.*
  Calcutta to Chittagong, Akyab and Rangoon and *vice versa.*
  Calcutta to Moulmein, Malacca and Singapore and *vice versa.*
  Madras to Vizagapatam and Rangoon.
  Rates of Passage Money.
  Irrawady Flotilla Co.—
  Rangoon to Mandalay and Bassein and *vice versa.*
  TheRiverSteamNavigationCo.—
From Calcutta to Serajgunge, &c., to Debrooghur.
  Rates of Passage Money.
  The India General Steam Nav gation Co.—
  Calcutta to Assam.
  Calcutta to Cachar.
  Rates of Passage Money.
  Calcutta to Cattack (*via* Chandbally).
  Rates of Passage Money.
  Midnapur Canal Daily Steam Service.
  Revilgunj and Patna by the Rivers Gogra and Ganges.
  Routes from Calcutta to Cachar.
  Gowhatti and Shillong Govern ment Bullock Train and Passenger Services.
  Rates of Passage Money.
ROUTES BY STEAMERS.
ROUTES IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY—
  Routes from Ahmedabad.
    Do. from Ahmednuggur (Deccan).
    Do. from Hingolee to Aurungabad *via* Jalna.
    Do. from Aurungabad (Deccan).
    Do. from Aurungabad to Ahmednuggur.
    Do. from Mominabad to Jalna.
    Do. from Aurungabad to Bheer
    Do. from Asseerghur.
    Do. from Baroda.
    Do. from Belgaum.
    Do. from Bhooj.
    Do. from Bombay.
    Do. from Dapoolee.
    Do. from Deesa.
    Do. from Dharwar.
    Do. from Gogha.
  Principal Routes in or passing through the Kaira Collectorate and Panch Mahals
  Routes from Kolhapoor.
    Do. from Neemuch.
    Do. from Poona.
    Do. in Kattywar.
    Do. from Sattara.
    Do. from Secunderabad to Hingolee *via* Nandair Degaloor, and Jogiapett.
    Do. from Secunderabad to Mussilipatam *via* Bezoara.
    Do. from Surat.
ROUTES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.
  Horse Carriage Dak Association.
  Punjab Van Dak.
  Dak-bearer Service.
ROUTES IN THE NORTH-WEST PROVINCES.—
  From Saharanpore to Dehra, Mussoori, and Landour.
  To Naini Tal and Almorah.
ROUTES TO THE PUNJAB.
  Amballa to Kalka, Dugs hai, Kasaoli, and Simla.
  Jullundhar Cantonments to Dharmsala.
  Dharmsala to Kokeir in Lahou (through) Kulu Valley.
  Lahore to Ferozepore.
PASSENGER SERVICE, SIMLA AND UMBALLA.
ROUTES TO KASHMERE.
BOMBAY TRAMWAY FARES.
RATES OF BOAT FARES for Bombay Harbour.
SCALE OF PALANQUIN FARES.
AUTHORISED RATES for Buggy Shigram, Cab, and Victoria.

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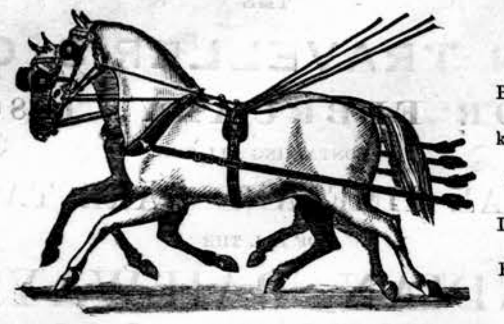

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